

Annual Economic Profile 2022

Oadby & Wigston

Introduction

Since the completion of the last economic profile (2021) there have been many changes in the economy. At the time of the completion of the last profile businesses were being presented with a range of unforeseen challenges that resulted from the Corona Virus pandemic and measures brought in by government. These challenged the way some businesses operated and forced many to look at alternative means of delivering goods and services.

The force of the pandemic continued into 2021 and 2022. This period marked the reopening of the economy and the withdrawal of government support for business. The pandemic and the reopening of markets has marked a resetting of the economy. Some industries have been affected more by the pandemic than others. How businesses/ industries have responded to the pandemic and the changes that have been brought about as a consequence will affect recovery.

The pandemic has affected all industries and what for many has been a tough period of trading has been further exasperated by world events. The resetting of and recovery of the economy looks to go well beyond 2022, the war in Ukraine, staff and skills shortages, Brexit, energy prices, a cost of living crises and inflationary pressures are set to prolong the recovery and uncertainty is likely to remain a key feature of local and national economies.

Purpose

Annual Economic Profiles have been produced since 2013. Their purpose is to bring together data from a variety of sources that:

- Helps provide a snapshot of the local economy.
- Demonstrates how the local economy is performing.
- Shows what businesses support the economy and local employment and where this is changing.
- Illustrates where there are economic strengths and weaknesses.
- Helps to understand where there has been growth and how the economy has changed.

Note: It is important to understand that some data supplied has time-lags. As a result data may not fully appreciate how local and national events have impacted the economy.

Economic Activity & Inactivity

In the LLEP Area 509,700 people were economically active. This was 77.9% of those that were of working age. Of those that were of working age 31.2% (159,200) lived in Leicester and the rest in Leicestershire (68.8% or 350,500).

Of those that were of working age in Oadby and Wigston 24,400 or 76.2% were economically active. The England average was 78.7%. The 24,400 made up 4.8% of all those that were economically active in the Leicester and Leicestershire area and 7% of those in Leicestershire.

Of the male working age population 86.8% (14,400) were economically active. Of the female working age population 64.7% (10,000) were active.

Fifty nine percent of those who were economically active were male and 41% were female. The England average was 52.2% and 47.8%.

In the Leicester and Leicestershire area 144,400 were economically inactive. This was 22.1% of those that were of working age.

Of those that were of working age 48.9% (70,500) lived in Leicestershire and the rest Leicester (51.1% or 73,800).

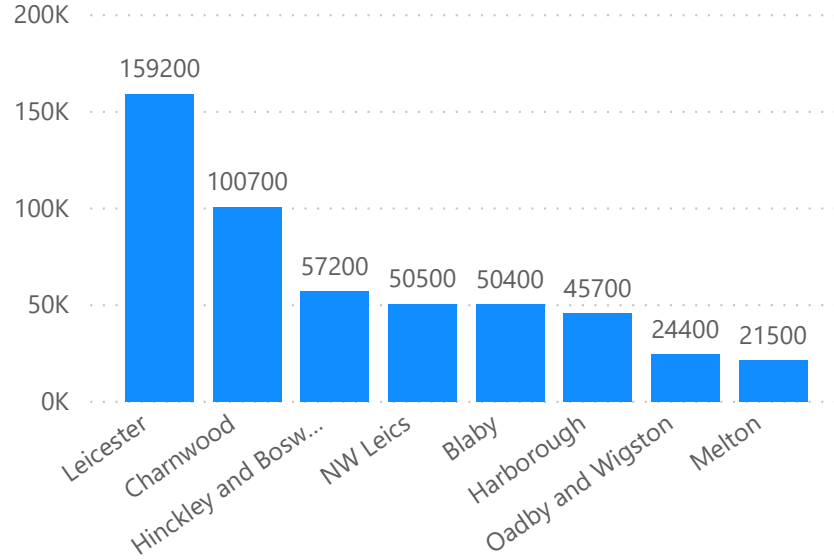
In the Oadby and Wigston district of those that were of working age 23.8% (7,600) were inactive. The average was 21.3%. The 7,600 made up 5.3% of all those that were economically inactive in the Leicester and Leicestershire area and 10.8% of those in Leicestershire.

Of the male working age population 13.2% (2,200) were economically inactive. Of the female working age population 35.3% (5,400) were inactive.

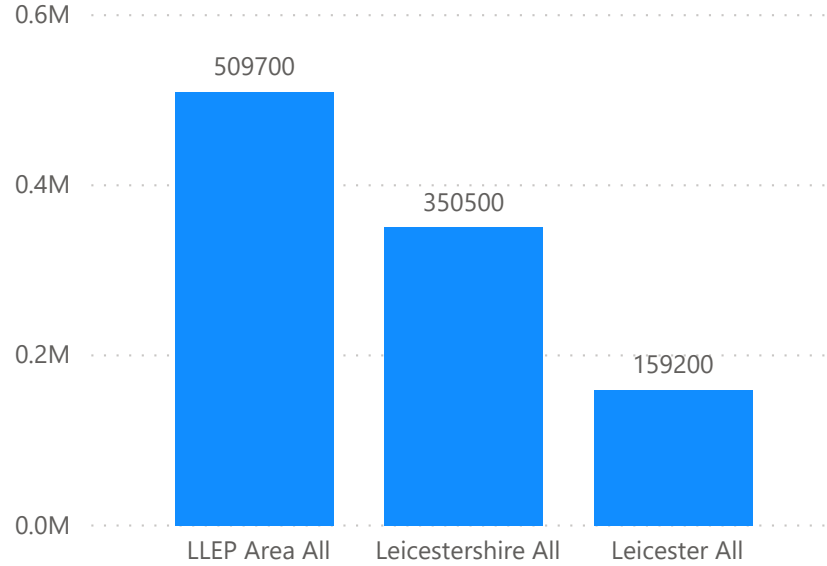
Twenty eight point nine percent of those that were inactive were male and 71.1% female. The average was 58.7% and 41.3%.

Economic Activity

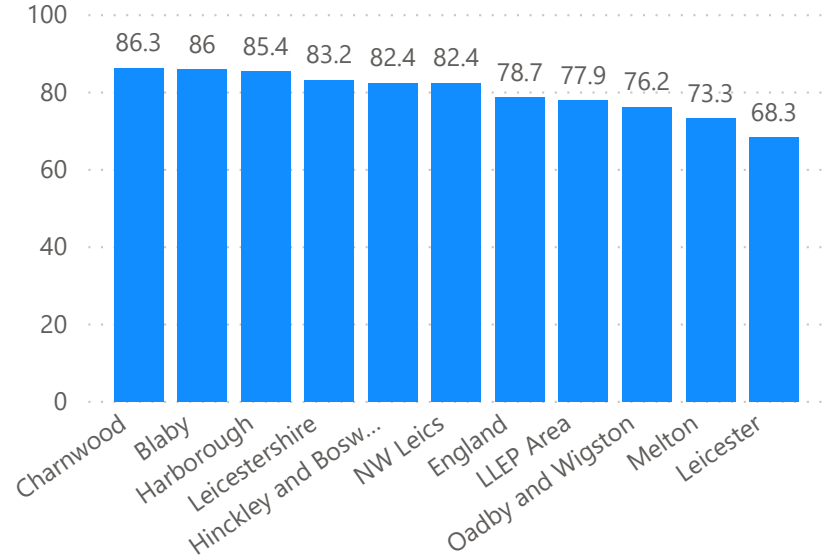
Active Numbers



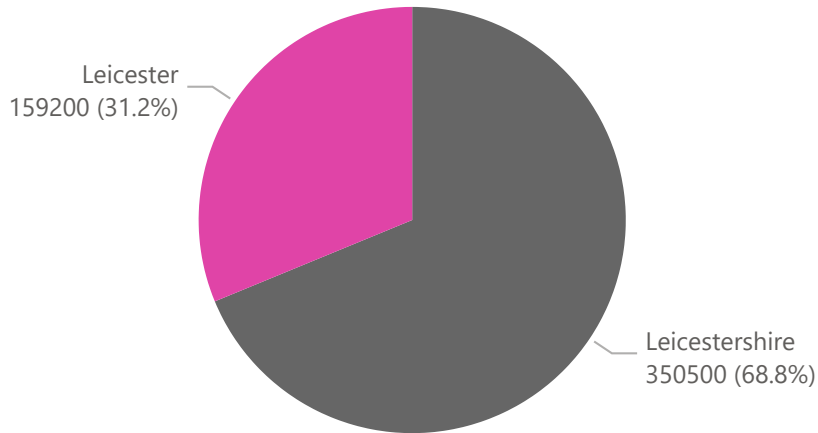
Activity LA Numbers



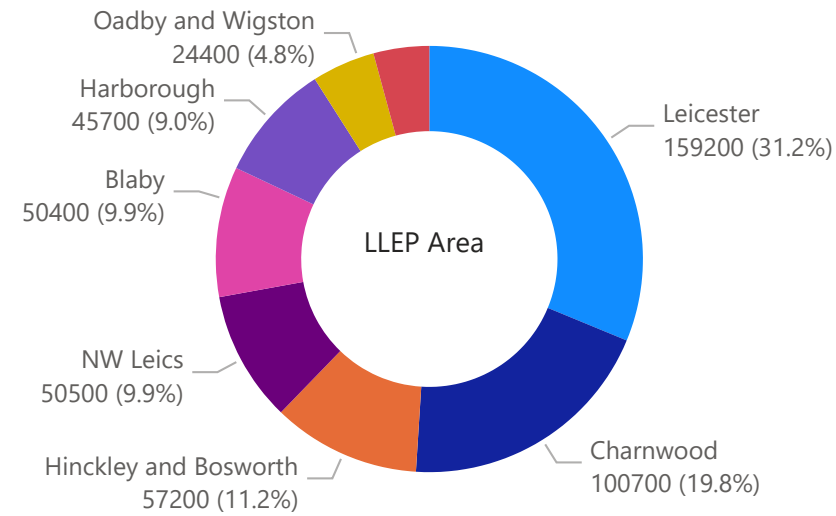
Activity District Shares



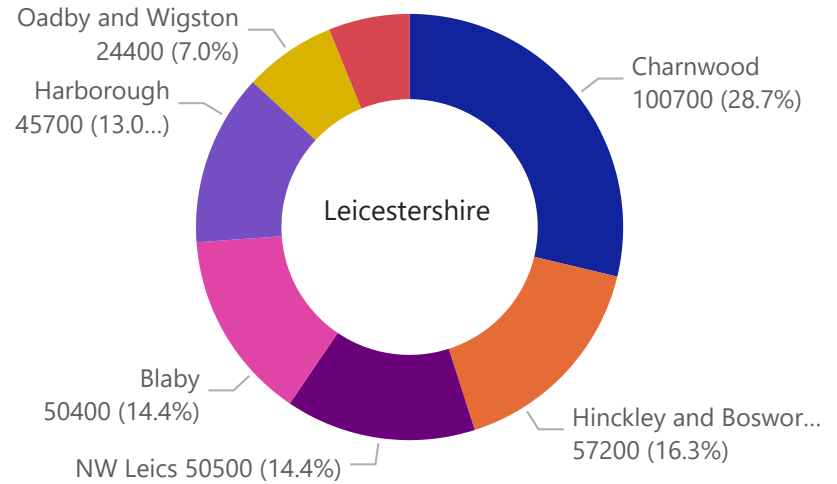
Activity LA Share



Activity Share (LLEP Area)

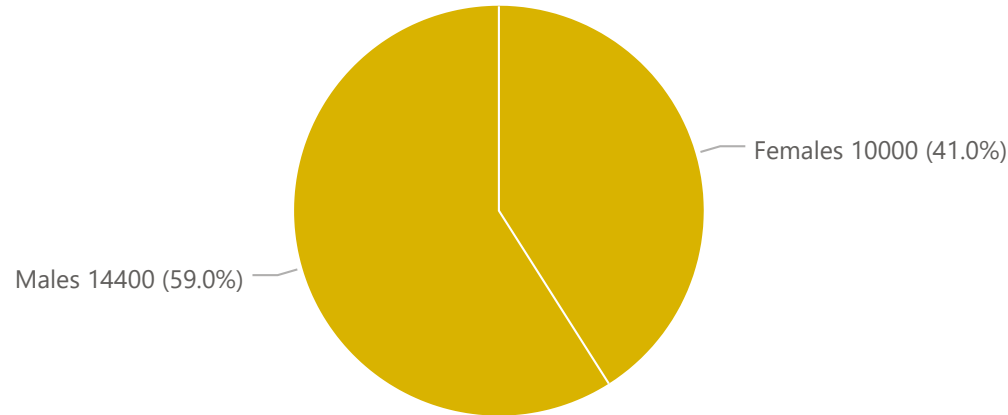


Activity Share (Leicestershire)

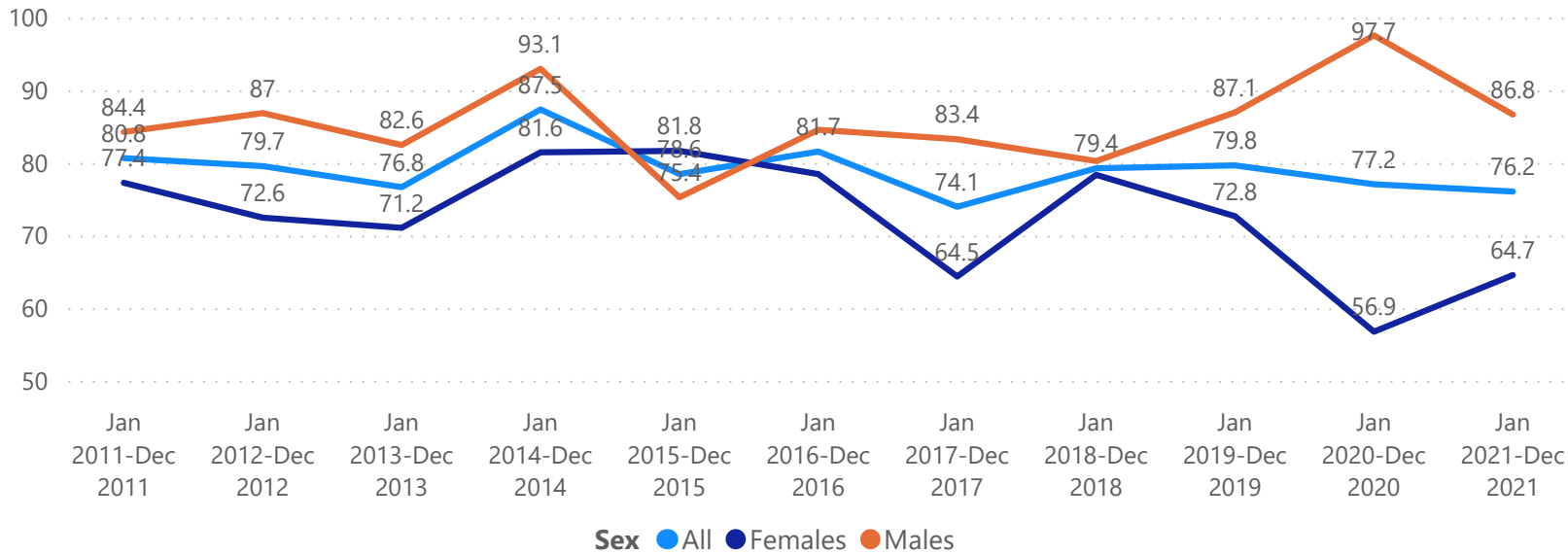


Economic Activity Sex

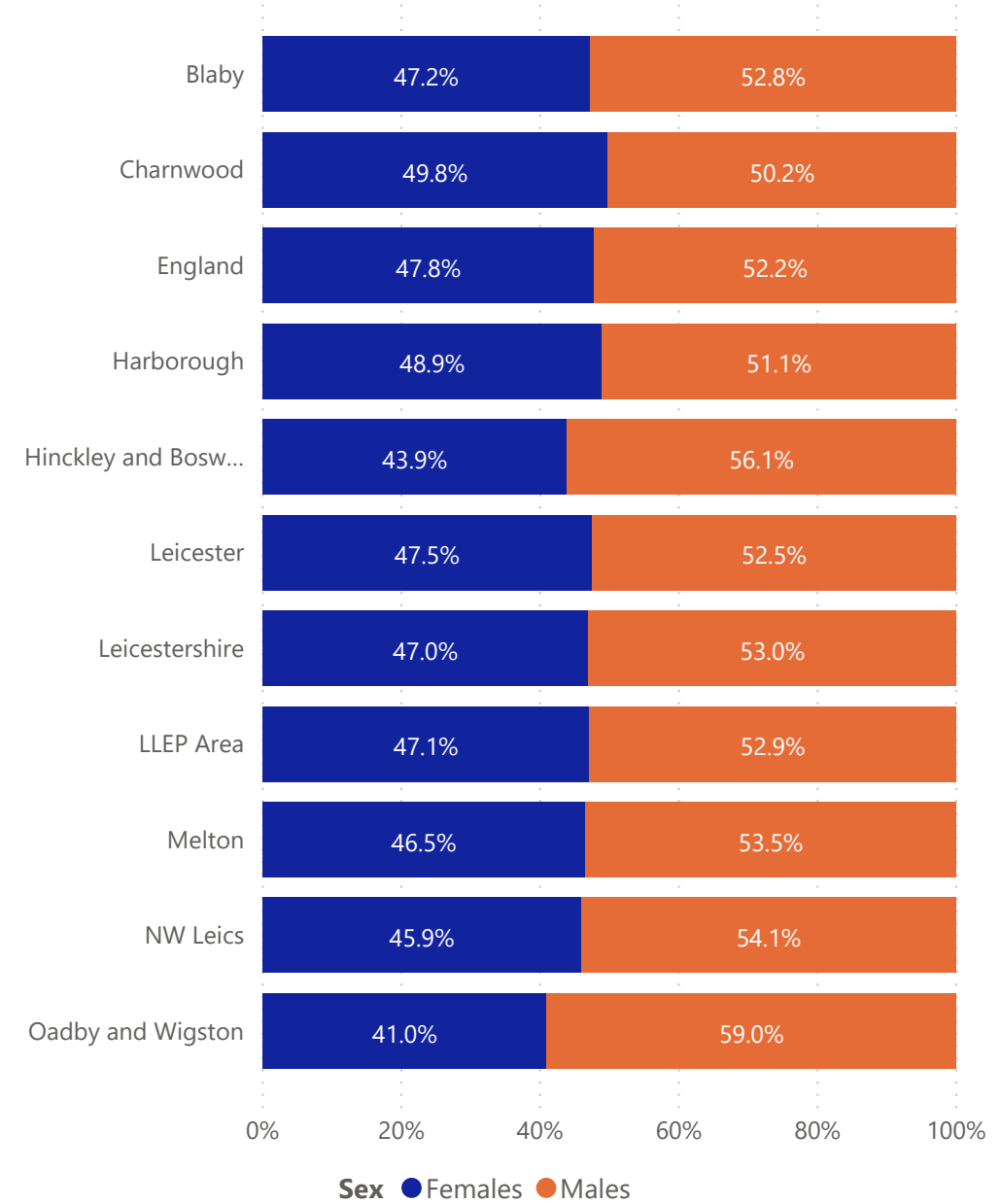
Activity Share



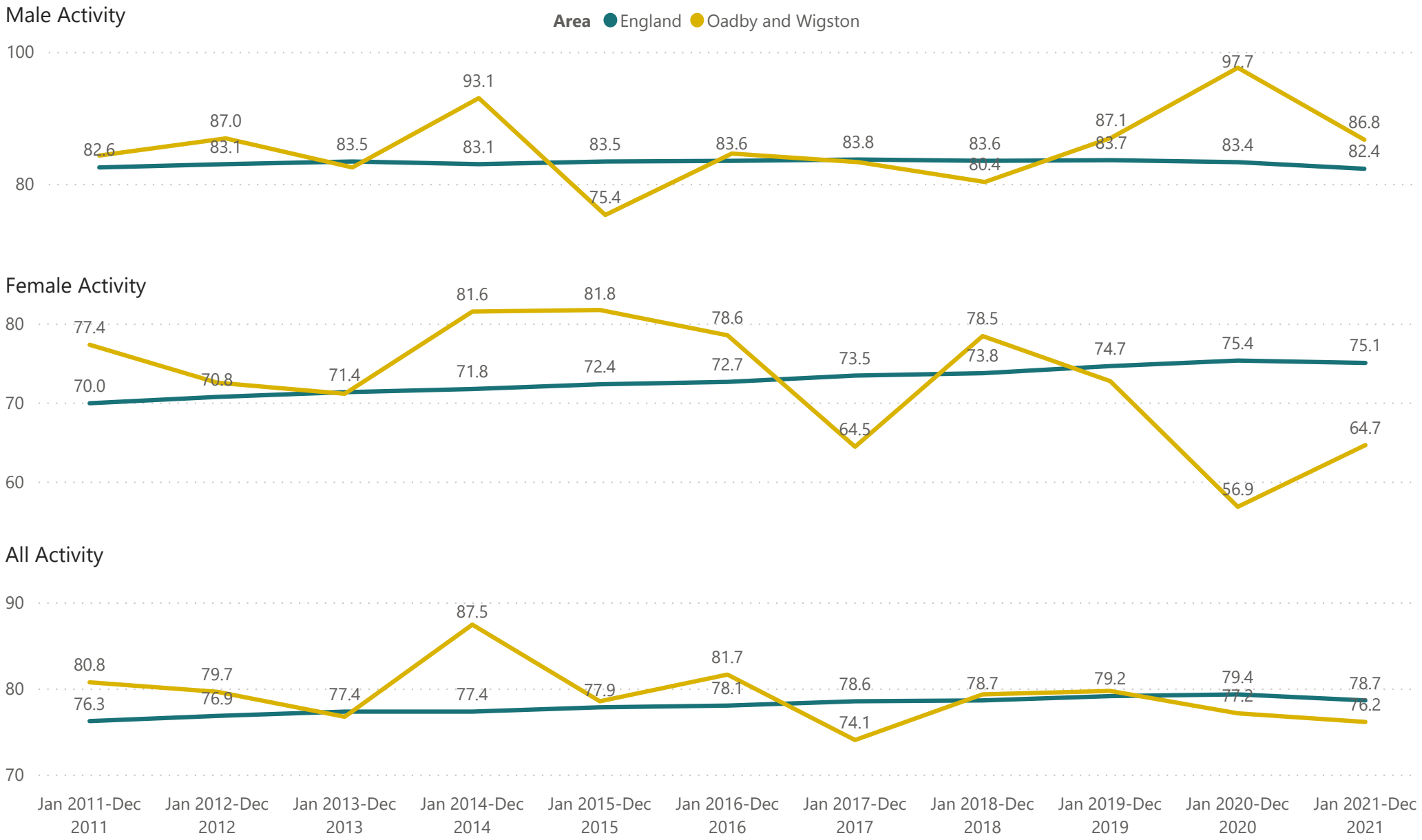
Activity Share Time Series



Activity Share Comparator

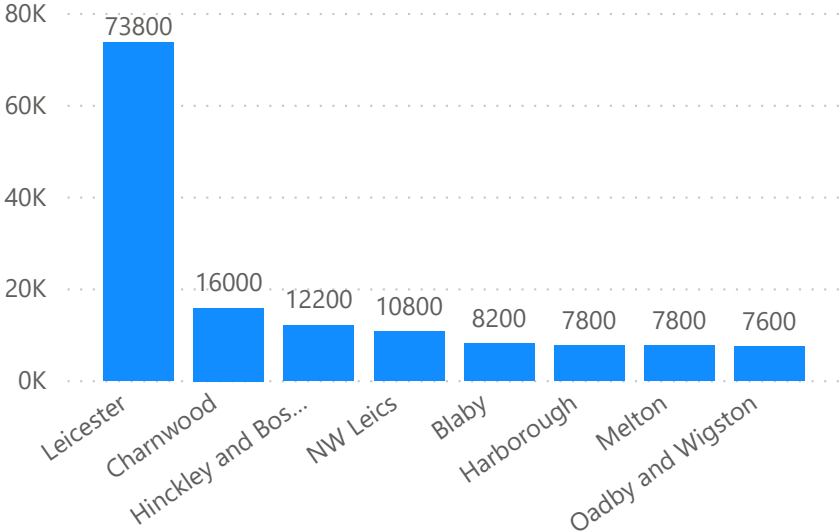


Economic Activity Sex

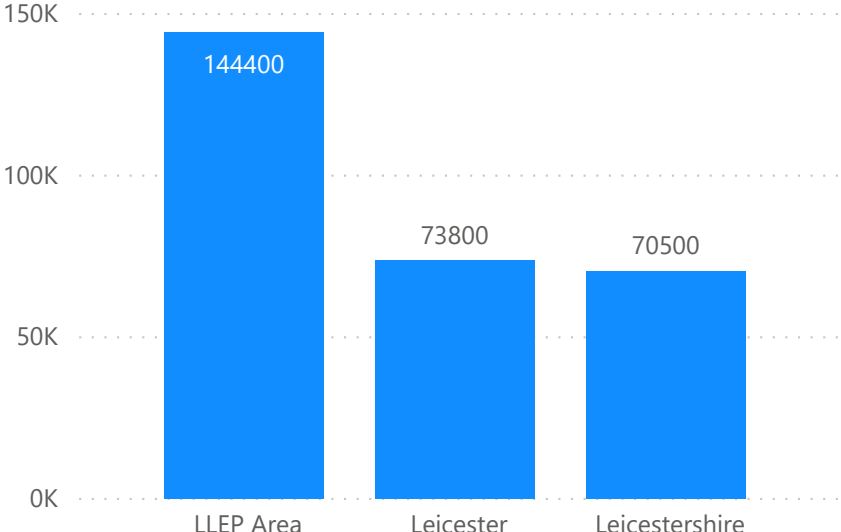


Economic Inactivity

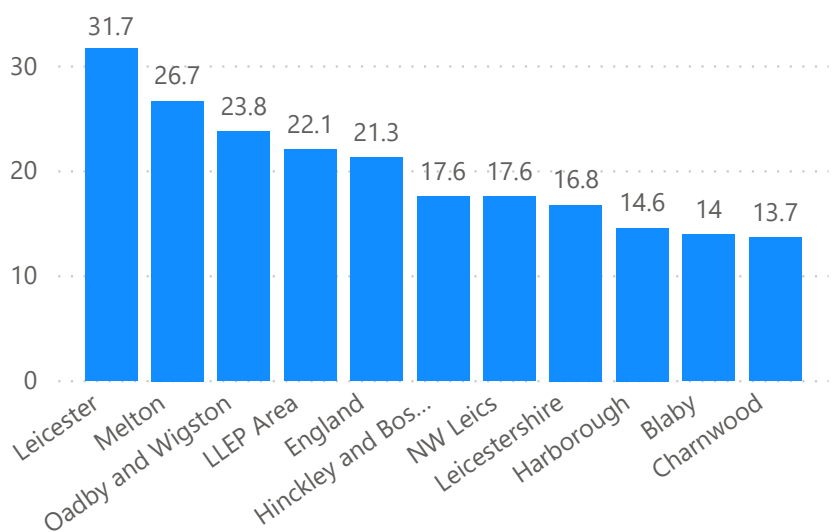
Inactive Numbers



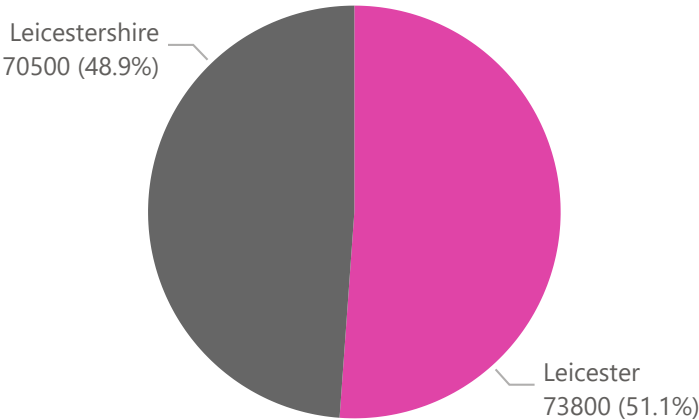
Inactivity LA Numbers



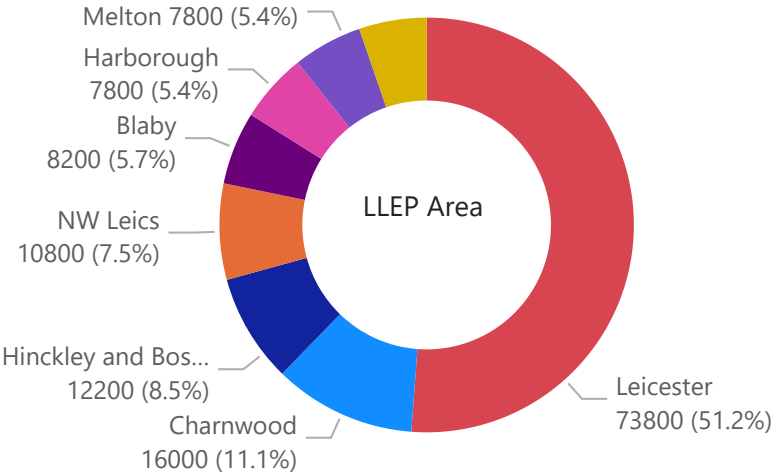
Inactivity District Numbers



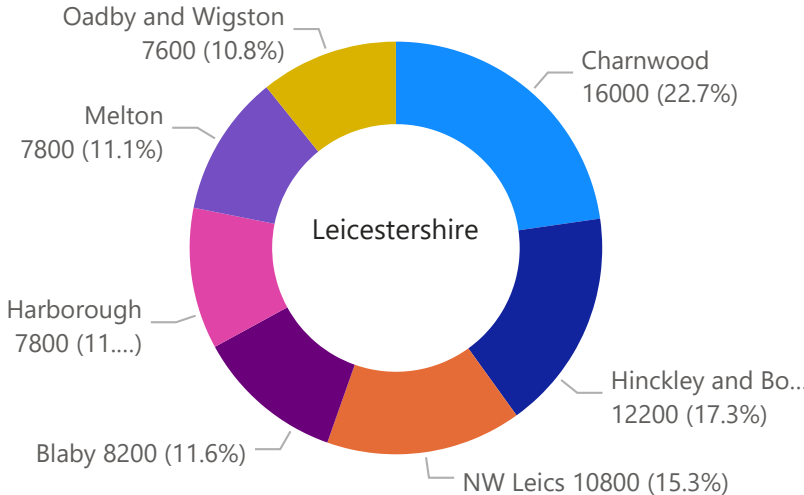
Inactivity LA Share



Inactivity Share (LLEP Area)

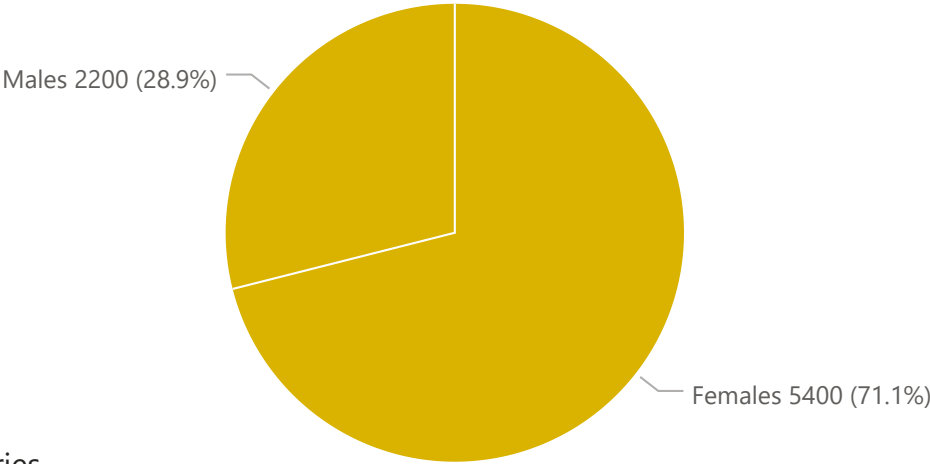


Inactivity Share (Leicestershire)

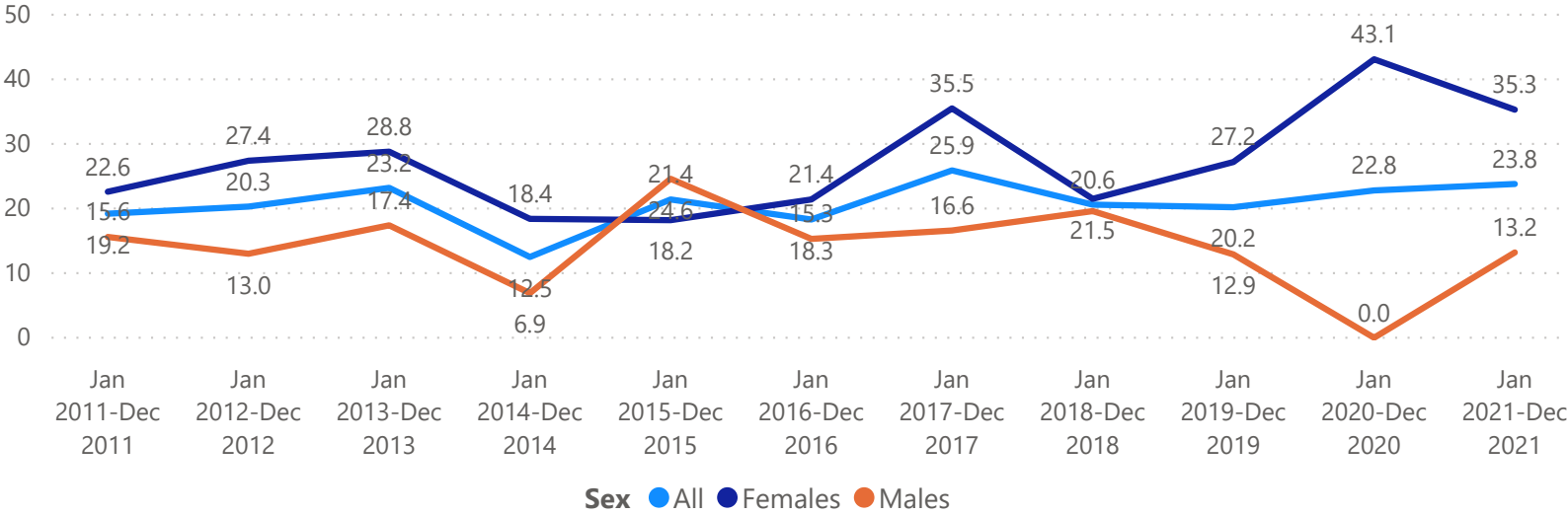


Economic Inactivity Sex

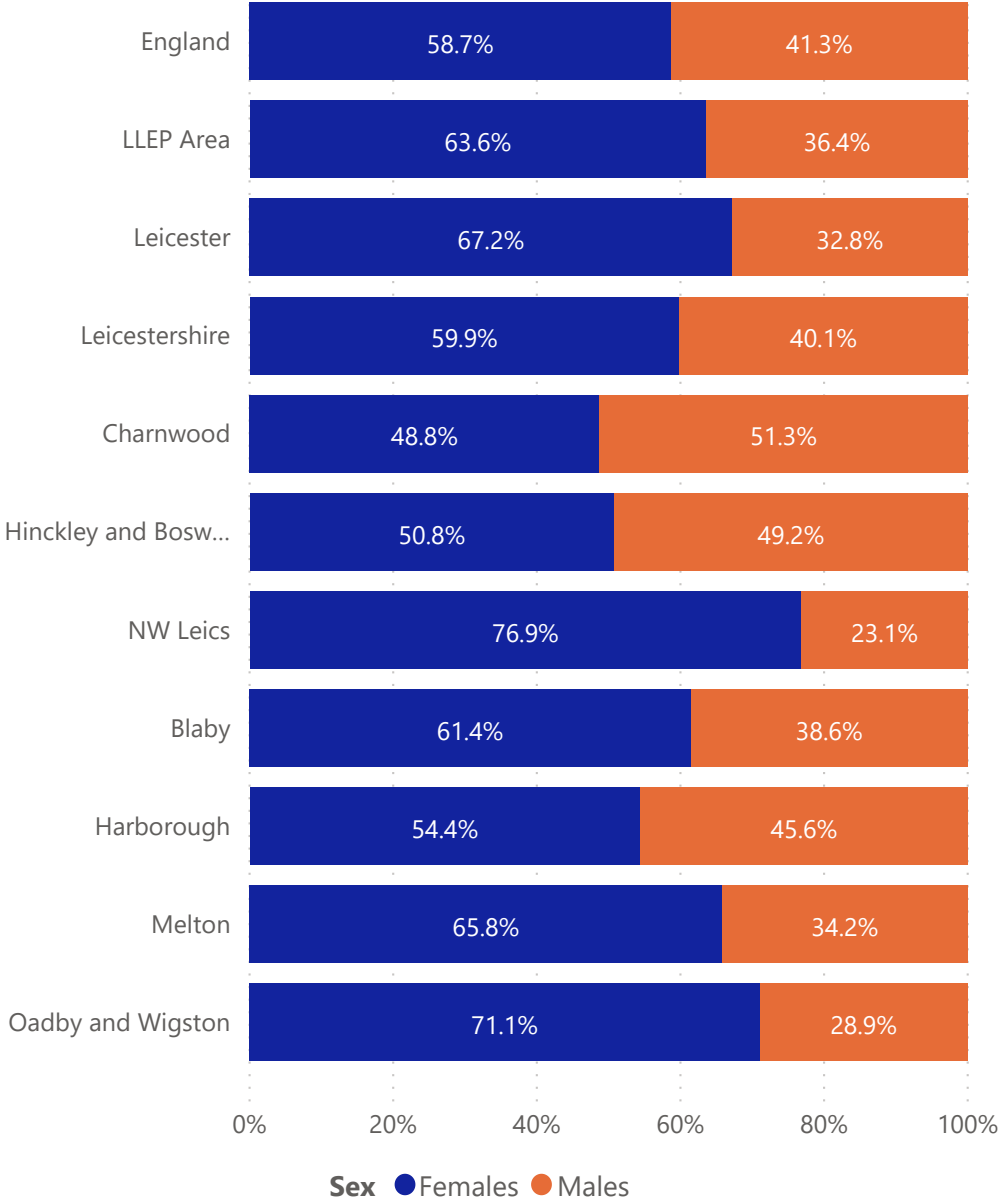
Inactivity Share



Inactivity Share Time Series

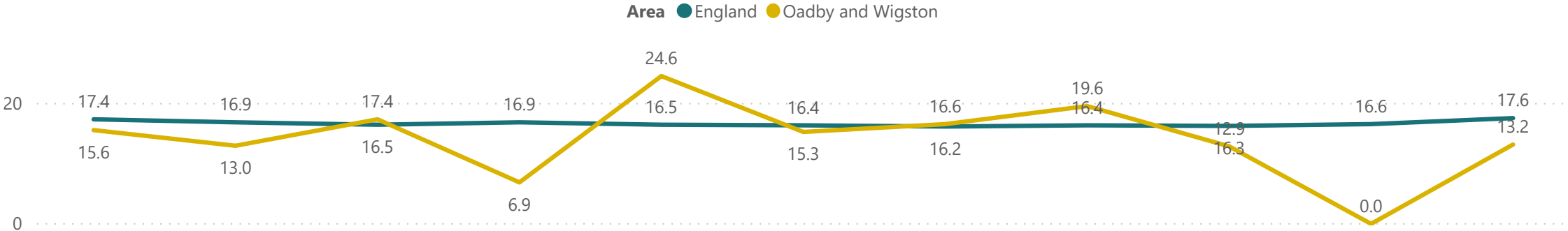


Inactivity Share Comparator

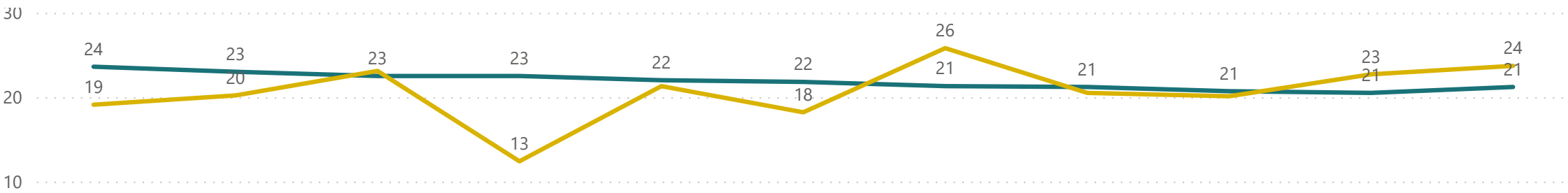


Economic Inactivity Sex (Timeseries)

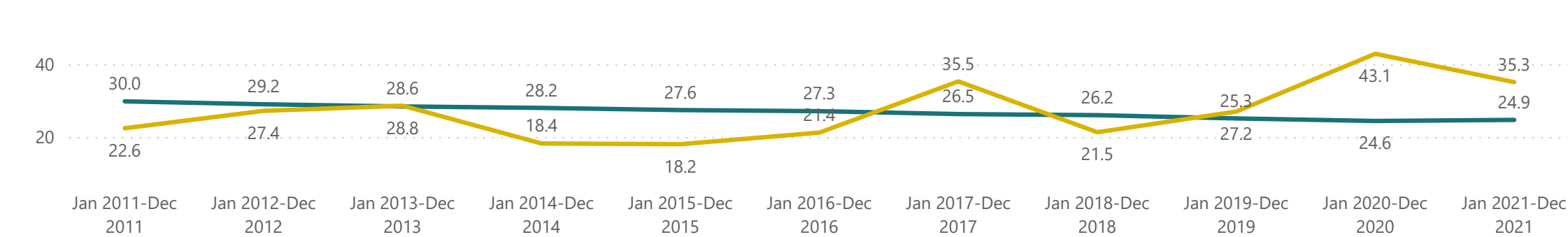
Male Inactivity



Female Inactivity



All Inactivity



Job Type

Data relating to employment by occupation is taken from the Office for National Statistics Annual Population Survey estimates.

With employment of 4,900 Professional Occupations is the largest of the 9 broad occupation areas identified.

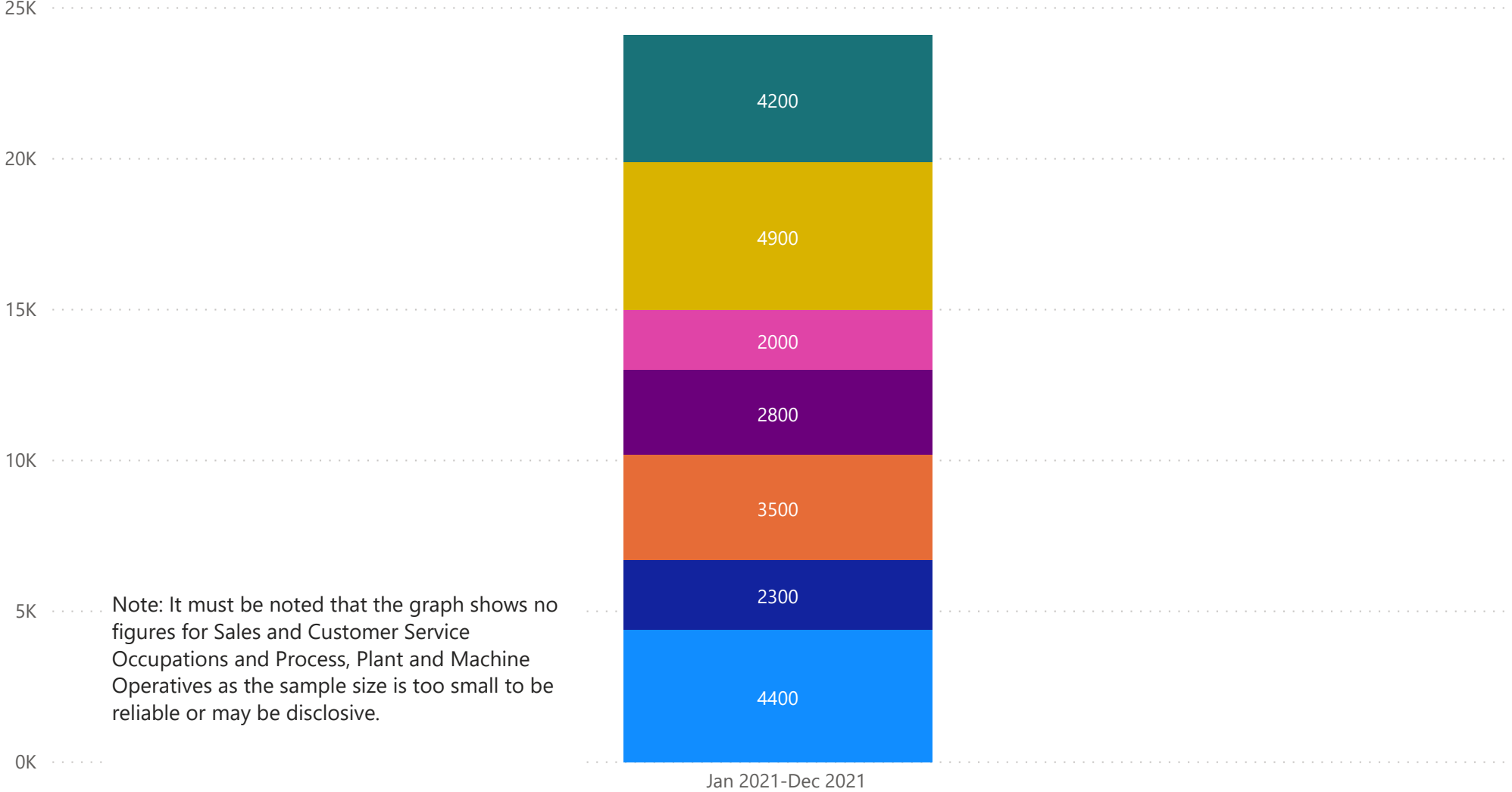
Of the 9 broad occupation areas identified, there were 5 with over a 10% share of employment.

With a share of 15.9% of all employment, Skilled Trade Occupations is over 7 percentage points higher than the England average (8.7%). Associate Professional and Technical Occupations make up 16.6% of all employment. There are also on average more Caring, Leisure and Other Service Occupations (13.3% compared to 9.1%). Combined these 3 sectors make up 45.8% of all employment. The figure for England is 33.1%.

Although Professional Occupations make up 18.4% of local employment it is significantly smaller than the England average of 23.9%.

Job Type Occupation Numbers

Employment by Broad Occupation Area



- Associate Prof & Tech Occupations
- Administrative and Secretarial Occupations
- Caring, Leisure and Other Service Occupations
- Elementary Occupations
- Managers, Directors and Senior Officials
- Process, Plant and Machine Operatives
- Professional Occupations
- Sales and Customer Service Occupations
- Skilled Trades Occupations

Note: It must be noted that the graph shows no figures for Sales and Customer Service Occupations and Process, Plant and Machine Operatives as the sample size is too small to be reliable or may be disclosive.

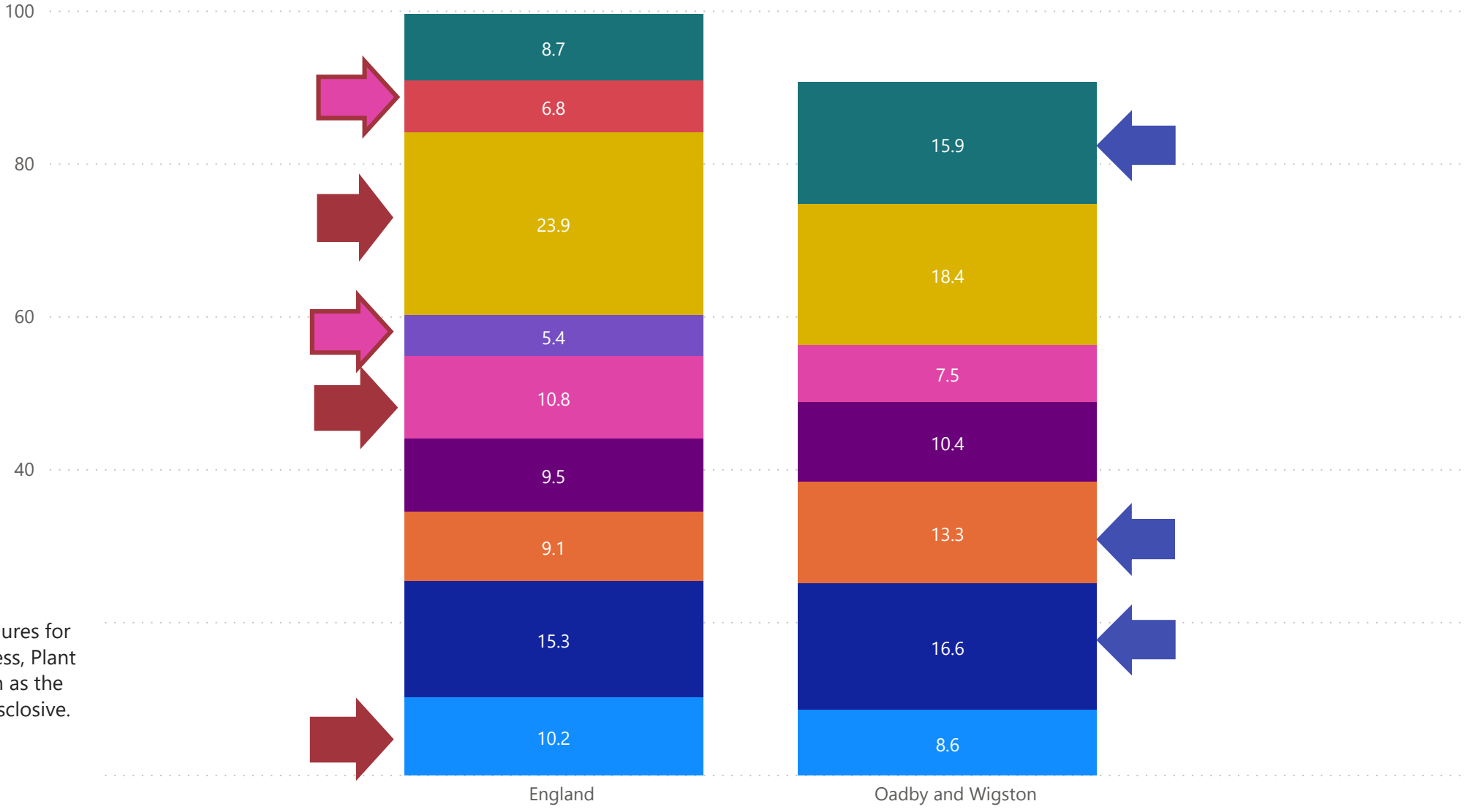
Job Type Occupation Share

Arrows demonstrate some notable differences between time periods

Employment Share by Broad Occupation Area

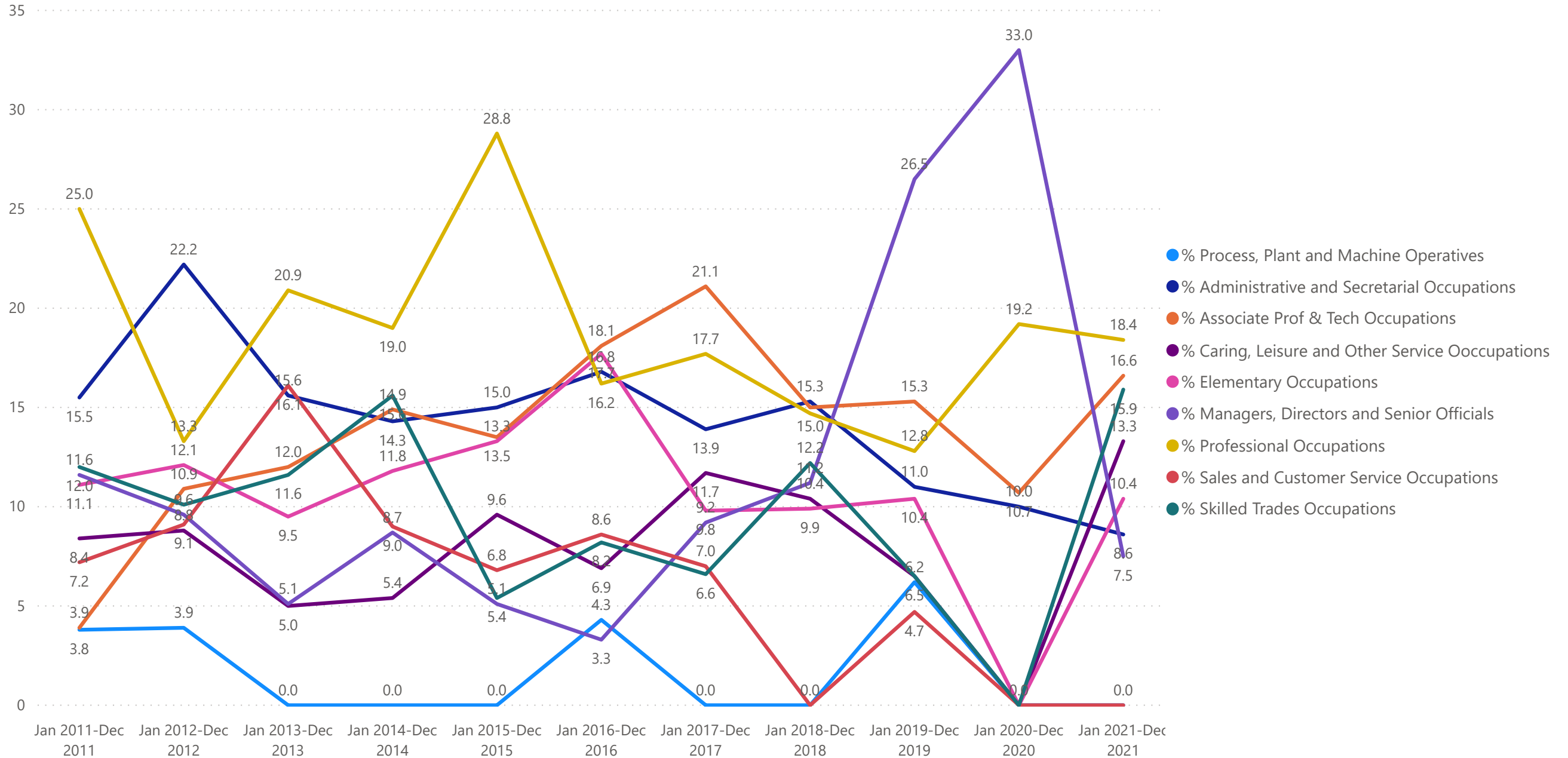
- % Administrative and Secretarial Occupations
- % Associate Prof & Tech Occupations
- % Caring, Leisure and Other Service Occupations
- % Elementary Occupations
- % Managers, Directors and Senior Officials
- % Process, Plant and Machine Operatives
- % Professional Occupations
- % Sales and Customer Service Occupations
- % Skilled Trades Occupations

Note: It must be noted that the graph shows no figures for Sales and Customer Service Occupations and Process, Plant and Machine Operatives in the Oadby and Wigston as the sample size is too small to be reliable or may be disclosive.



Jobs - Growth (2011 to 2021)

Employment Share by Broad Occupation Area Time Series



In 2022 there have been 1,083 unique job postings in the Oadby and Wigston area (up to the end of June).

When the year to date of figures for June 2022 are compared to those for June 2016, 2017 etc. other than 2016, the figure for 2022 is the highest of the years observed.

When the figures for the whole year are compared 2016 figures are the highest. They however reached 1,458 unique job postings in 2021. The 2022 figures look to exceed this.

From a low of 171 in May 2020 at the height of the pandemic, the number of job postings grew until November 2021. Despite falls in December 2021 and January 2022 the number of job postings reached 511 in March 2022. In June 2022 the figure was 461.

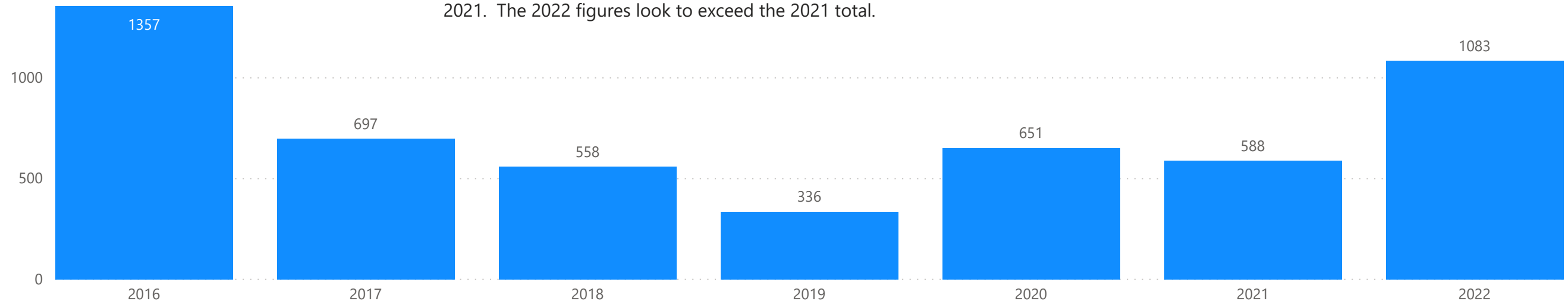
The high job posting figures demonstrate a few things depending on the industry, a continued underinvestment in people and skills, BREXIT, an ageing workforce, people opting to leave the workforce, skills and labour shortages and people accessing opportunities in other industries.

When comparing the share of job postings in Oadby and Wigston for the months February 2020 with those of June 2022, figures for June 2022 show that the number of Caring Personal Service Occupations are significantly higher and Administrative Occupations significantly lower. When figures are compared to those for England Caring, Personal Service Occupations, Administrative Occupations and Science, Engineering and Technology Associate Professionals have higher shares of job postings than average.

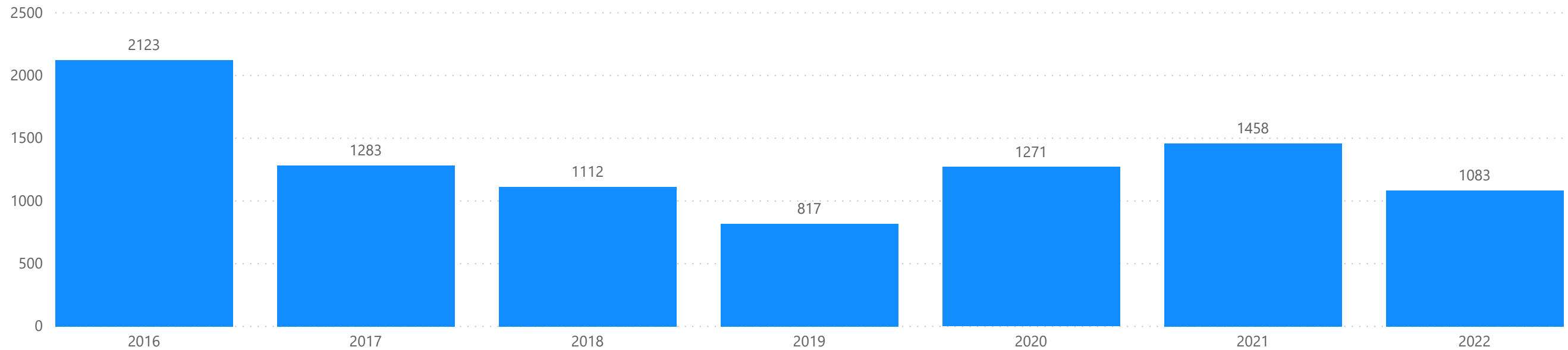
Job Postings Year to Date

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Job Postings Year to Date (June)



Job Postings Year to Date (Whole Year)



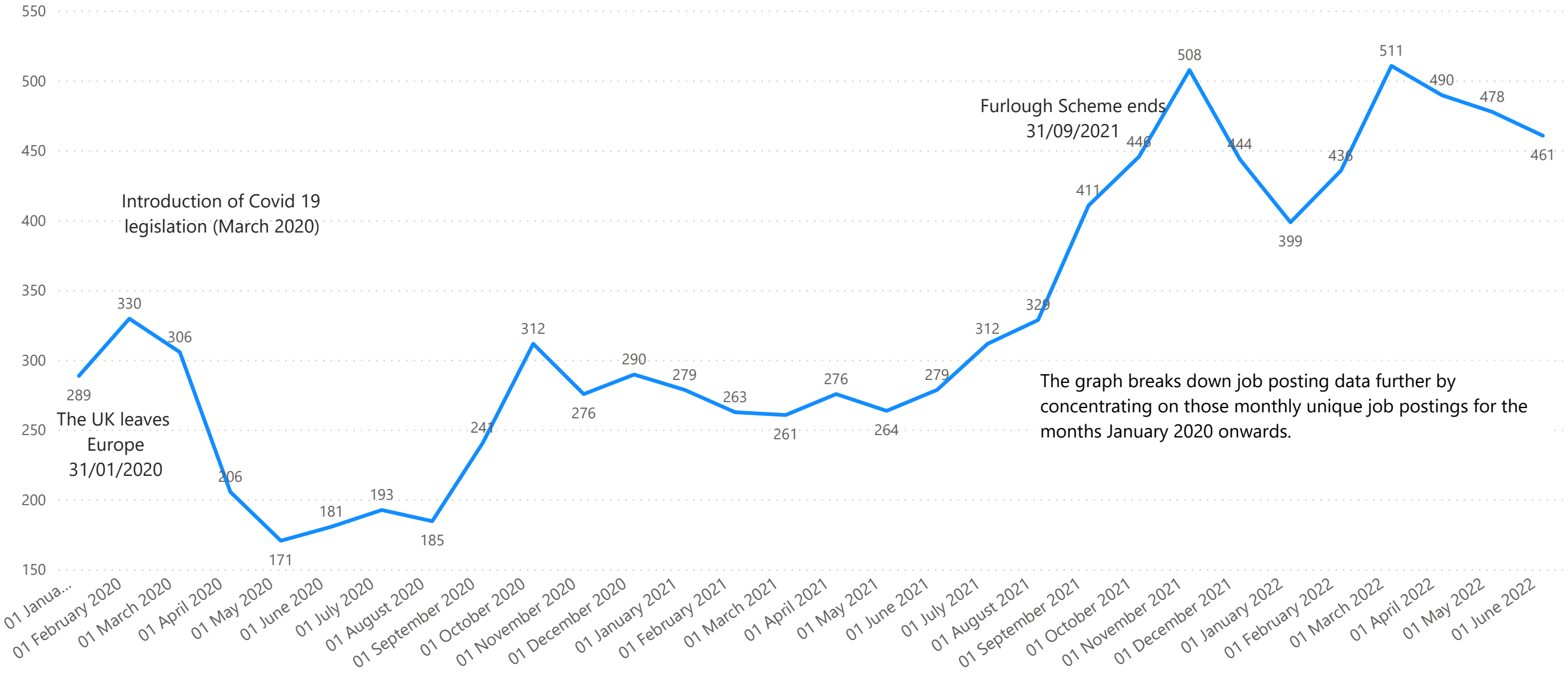
Job Postings 2016-2022

Job Postings January 2016 to Current



Job Postings 2020-2022

Job Postings January 2020 to Current

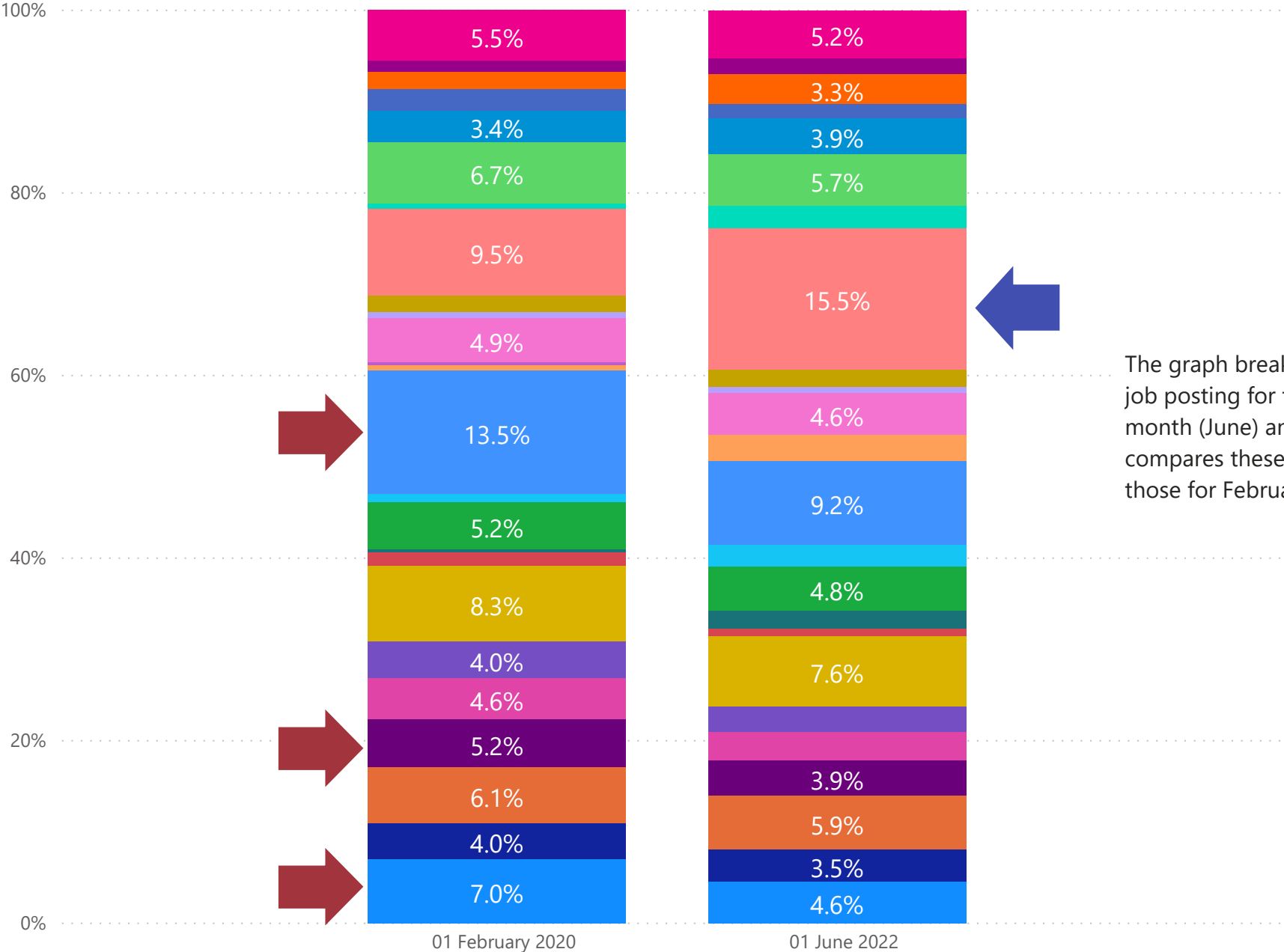


Job Postings Monthly Comparator

Arrows demonstrate some notable differences between time periods

Job Postings Monthly Comparator Feb 2020 and June 2022

- JP 11 Corporate Managers and Directors
- JP 12 Other Managers and Proprietors
- JP 21 Science, Research, Engineering and Technology Profess...
- JP 22 Health Professionals
- JP 23 Teaching and Educational Professionals
- JP 24 Business, Media and Public Service Professionals
- JP 31 Science, Engineering and Technology Associate Profess...
- JP 32 Health and Social Care Associate Professionals
- JP 33 Protective Service Occupations
- JP 35 Business and Public Service Associate Professionals
- JP 34 Culture, Media and Sports Occupations
- JP 41 Administrative Occupations
- JP 42 Secretarial and Related Occupations
- JP 51 Skilled Agricultural and Related Trades
- JP 52 Skilled Metal, Electrical and Electronic Trades
- JP 53 Skilled Construction and Building Trades
- JP 54 Textiles, Printing and Other Skilled Trades
- JP 61 Caring Personal Service Occupations
- JP 62 Leisure, Travel and Related Personal Service Occupations
- JP 71 Sales Occupations
- JP 72 Customer Service Occupations
- JP 81 Process, Plant and Machine Operatives
- JP 82 Transport and Mobile Machine Drivers and Operatives
- JP 91 Elementary Trades and Related Occupations
- JP 92 Elementary Administration and Service Occupations



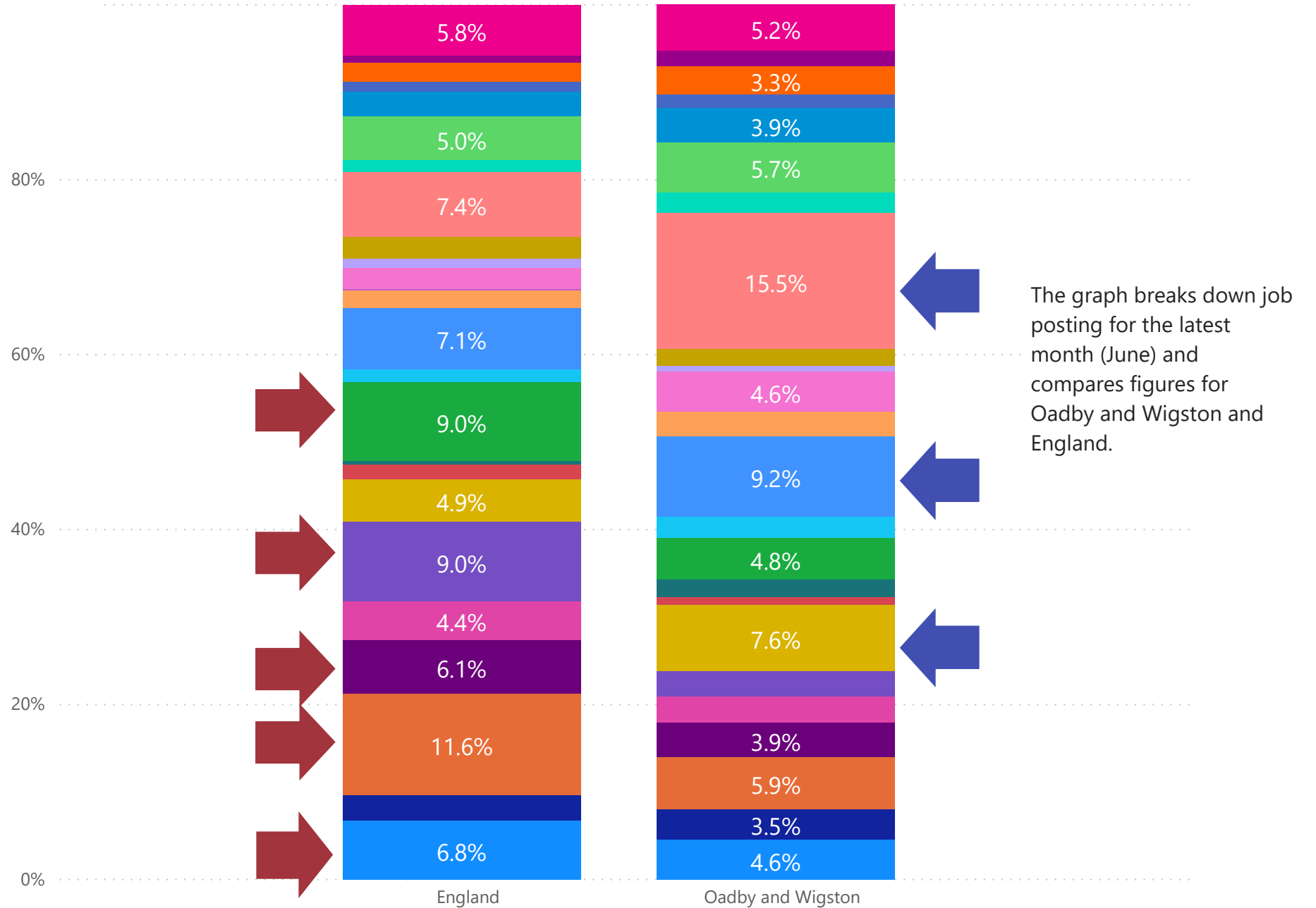
The graph breaks down job posting for the latest month (June) and compares these with those for February 2020.

Job Postings Monthly Geographic Comparator

Arrows demonstrate some notable differences between local and national figures.

Job Postings Comparator

- JP 11 Corporate Managers and Directors
- JP 12 Other Managers and Proprietors
- JP 21 Science, Research, Engineering and Technology Profe...
- JP 22 Health Professionals
- JP 23 Teaching and Educational Professionals
- JP 24 Business, Media and Public Service Professionals
- JP 31 Science, Engineering and Technology Associate Profe...
- JP 32 Health and Social Care Associate Professionals
- JP 33 Protective Service Occupations
- JP 35 Business and Public Service Associate Professionals
- JP 34 Culture, Media and Sports Occupations
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Claimants

The number of claimants at the time of the production of this report was 890. Claimant numbers have continued to fall since February 2021.

At the time of the introduction of government measures to tackle the pandemic, claimant numbers rose from 540 (March 2020) to 1,660, it's peak in August 2020.

Prior to the pandemic there had been business uncertainty in relation to the UK leaving the EU. This was demonstrated when the number of claimants between January 2016 and June 2018 remained static. From June 2018 to March 2020 it nearly doubled (275 to 540).

When comparing local and national claimant rates throughout the period 2016 to June 2022, Oadby and Wigston's claimant rate has been consistently below England's.

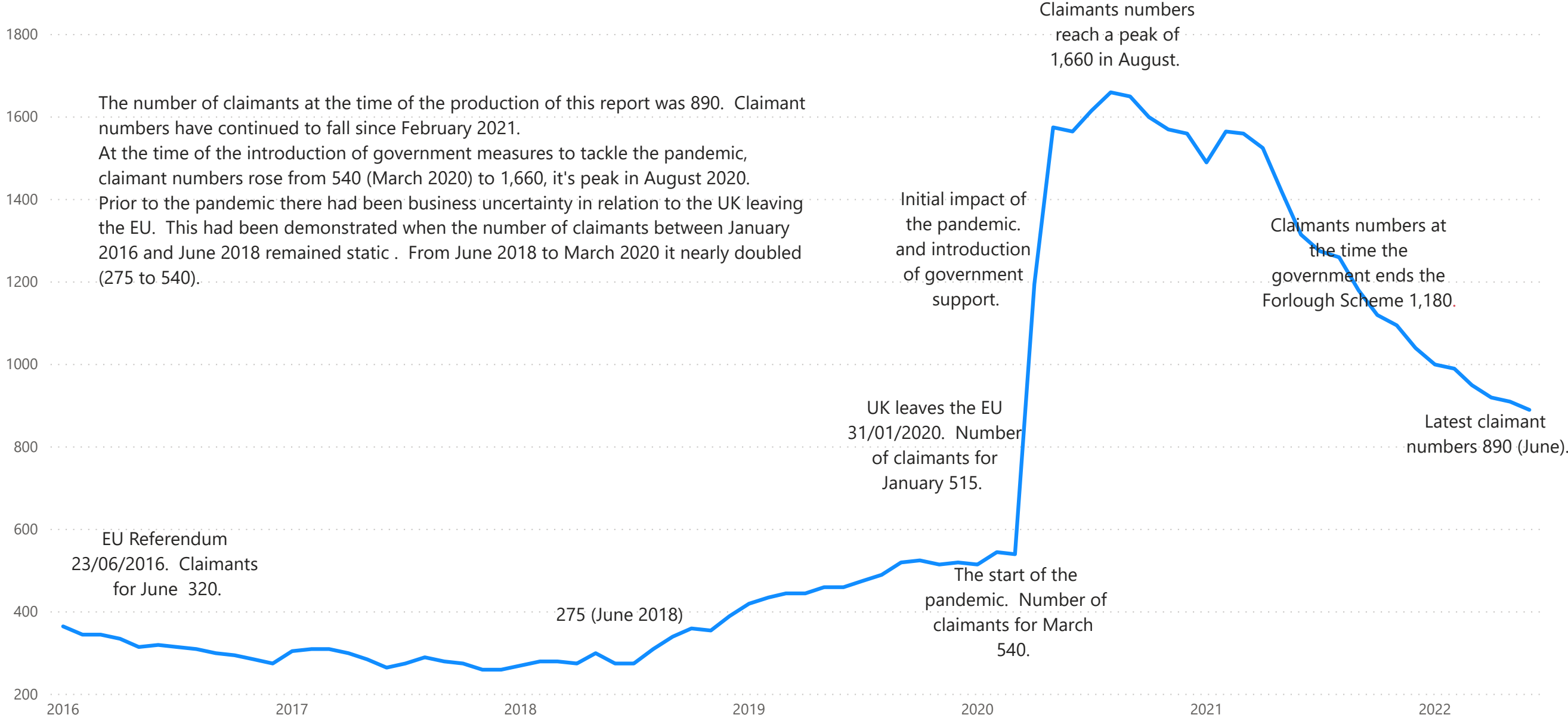
At the time of writing this report (June 2022) the claimant rate was 2.6%. At the start of the pandemic (March 2020) the claimant rate was 1.6%. In November 2017 it was 0.7%. At it's peak the claimant rate was 4.8%. Claimant rates at a local and national level have as yet not returned to pre-pandemic levels.

Historically there have been more male claimants than female claimants.

As with male claimants there have historically been on average more claimants that are 25-49 years old.

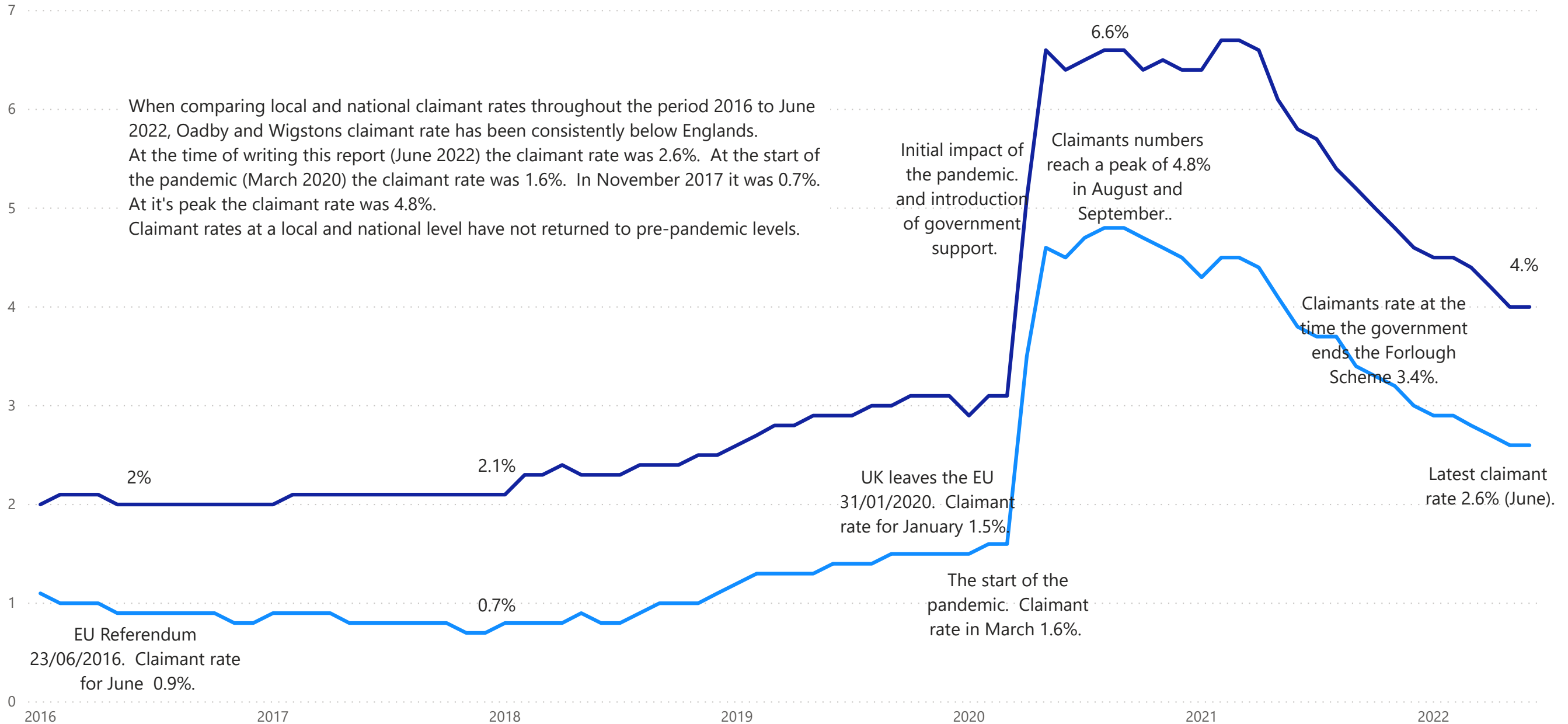
Claimant History

Claimant Numbers



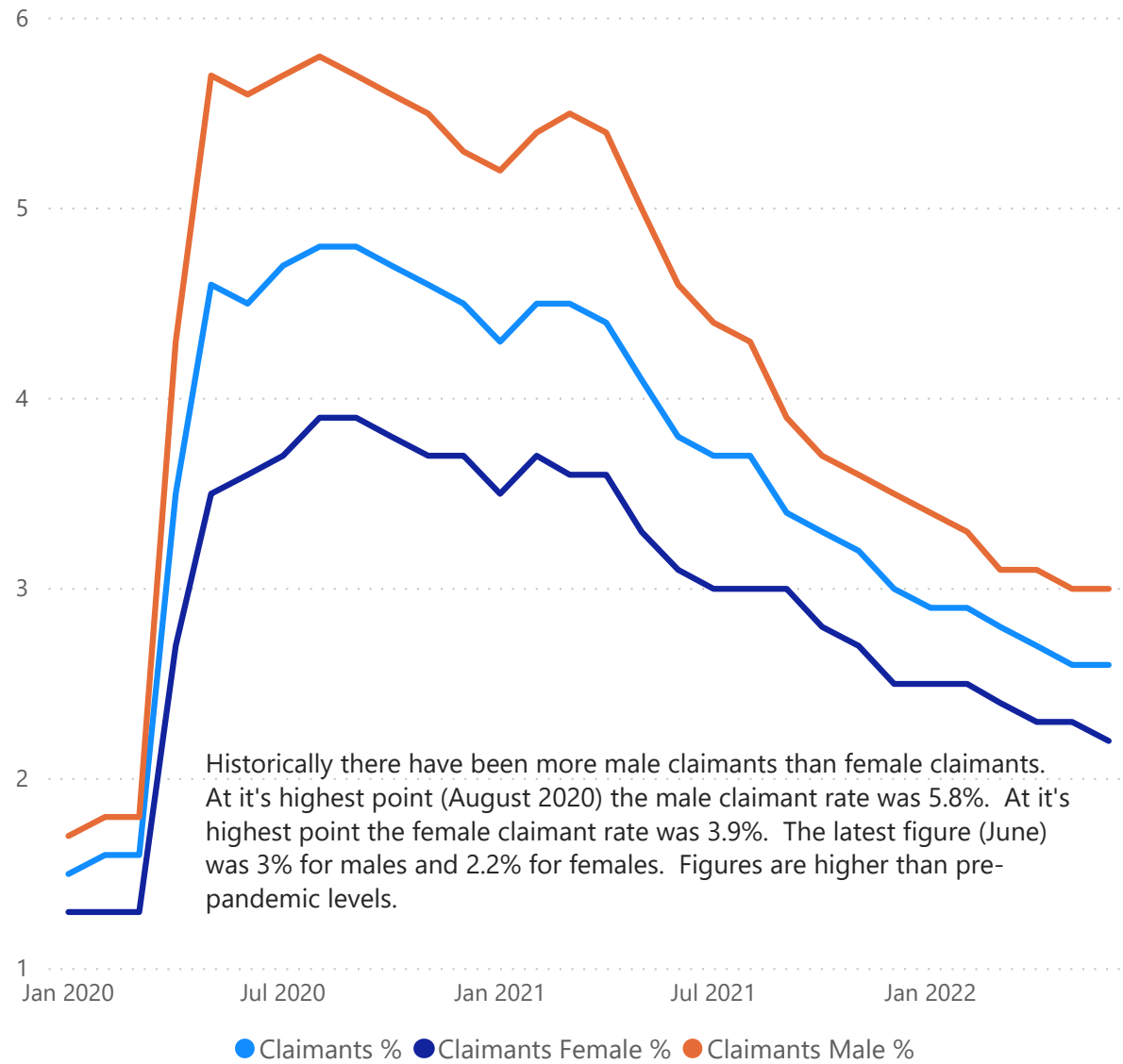
Claimant History

Claimant Rate Comparator

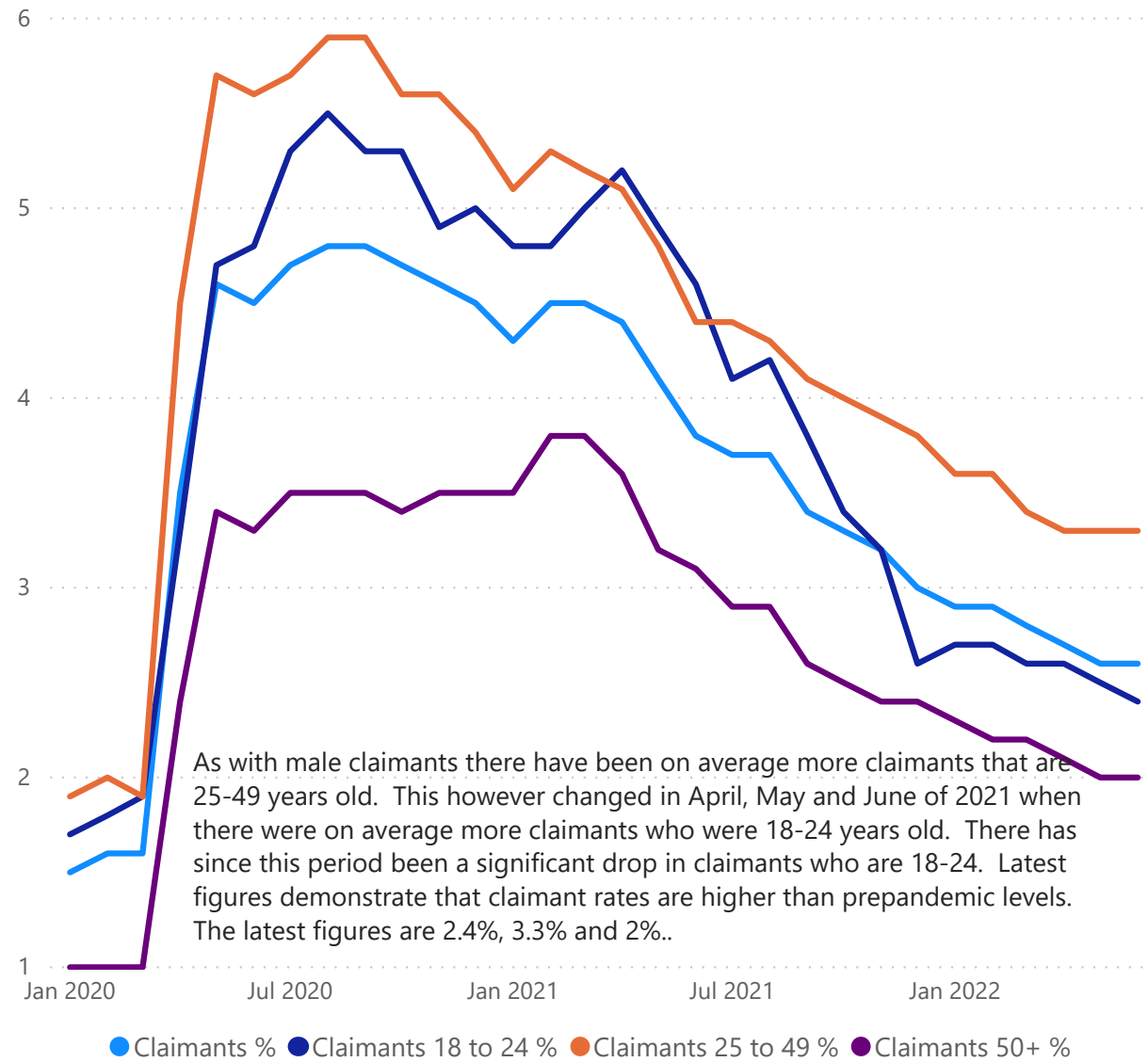


Claimant History Comparator

Claimant Rate Comparator by Sex

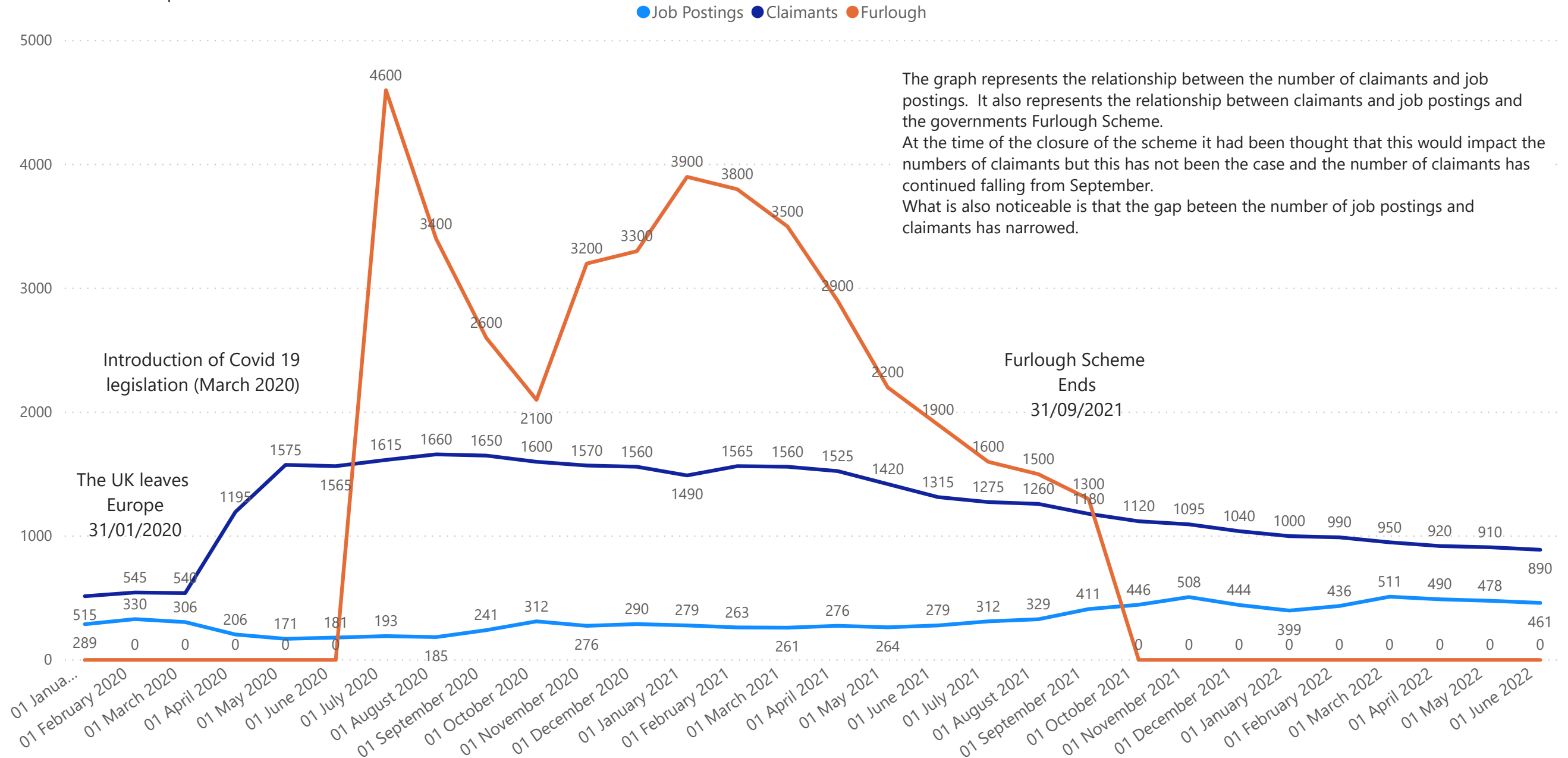


Claimant Rate Comparator by Age



Claimant History Comparator

Claimant Rate Comparator



Unemployment

The latest figure is 1,100 (3.8%) (reporting quarter January 2021 to December 2021). Over the last year (from January 2020 to December 2020) unemployment has grown from 3.7%.

At a national level over the last year unemployment has fallen from 4.9% to 4.6%.

The unemployment rate in Oadby and Wigston has traditionally been below the national average.

For the last reporting quarter (Jan 21-Dec 21) 1,100 people were unemployed. For the same reporting quarter in 2019 the figure was 700. This translates to an unemployment rate of 2.8% in 2019 and an unemployment rate of 3.8% in 2021.

Unemployment

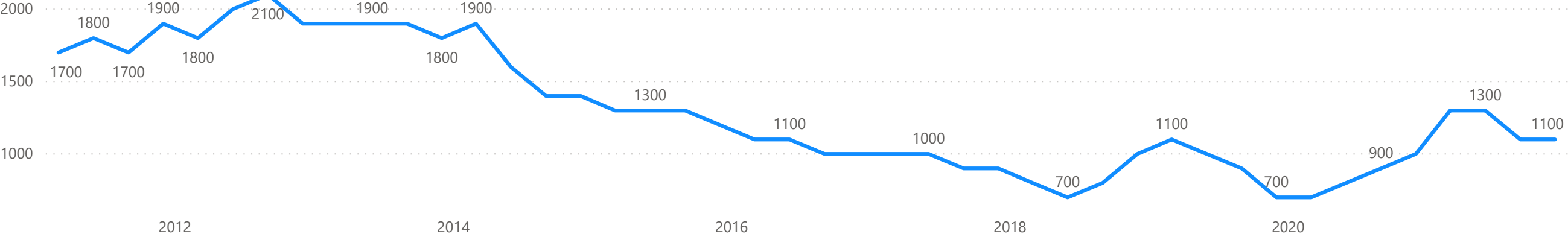
The graph demonstrates quarterley unemployment figures from 2011 to 2021. The latest figure is 1,100. (3.8%) (reporting quarter January 2021 to December 2021). Over the last year (from January 2020 to December 2020) unemployment has grown from 3.7%.

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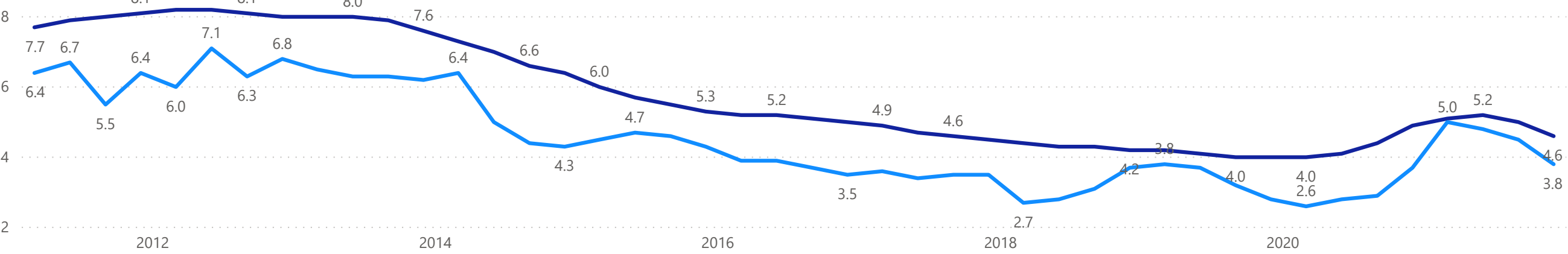
Unemployment Numbers

Geography ● Oadby and Wigston



Unemployment Rate Comparator

Geography ● England ● Oadby and Wigston

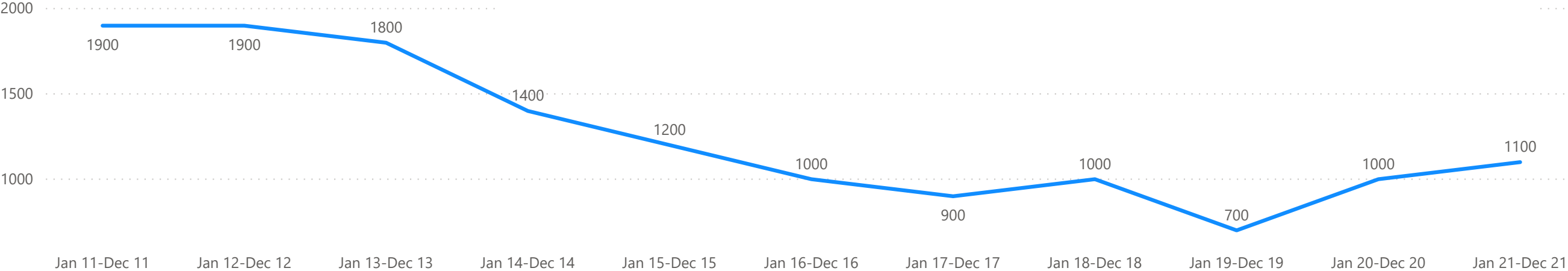


Unemployment (Reporting Quarter Jan to Dec)

Unemployment Numbers

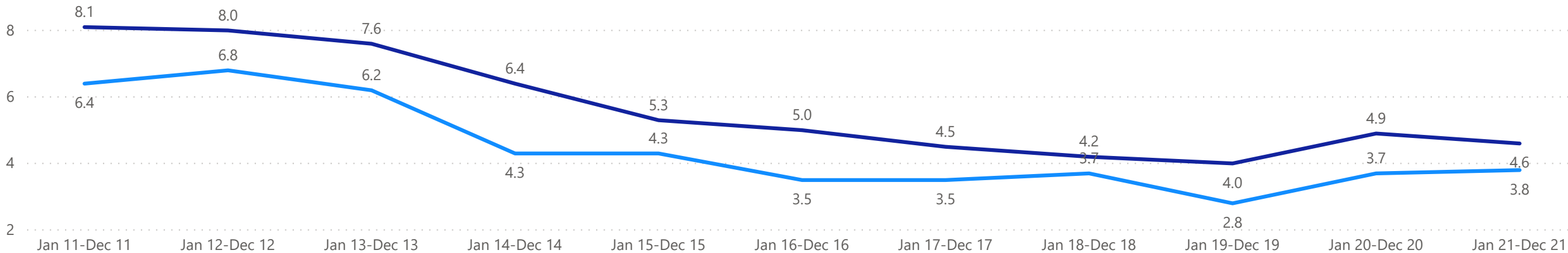
The graphs below compare the latest reporting quarter against the same reporting quarter in previous years (reporting quarter January to December).
 For the last reporting quarter (Jan 21-Dec 21) 1,100 people were unemployed. For the same reporting quarter in 2019 the figure was 700. This translates to an unemployment rate of 2.8% in 2019 and an unemployment rate of 3.8% in 2021.

Geography ● Oadby and Wigston



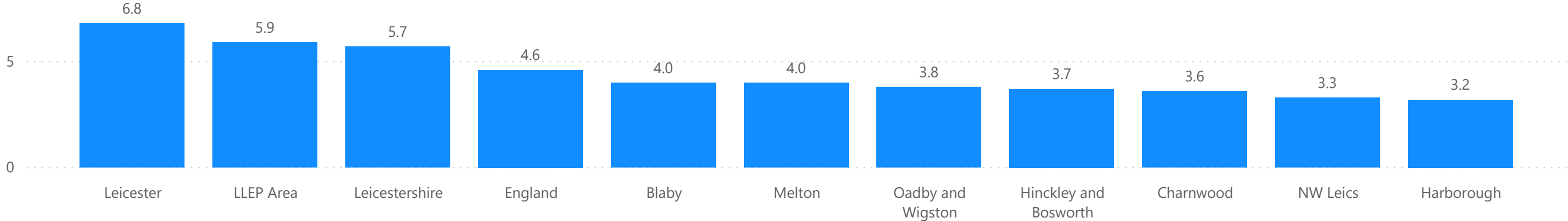
Unemployment Rate Comparator

Geography ● England ● Oadby and Wigston

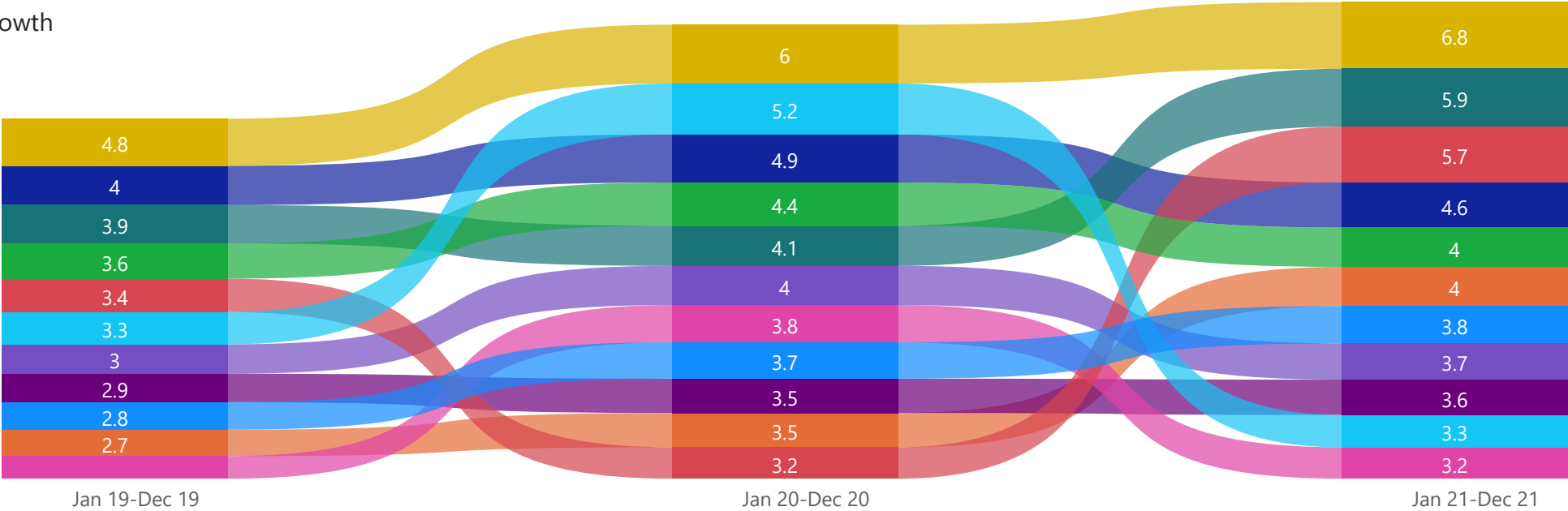


Unemployment Growth

Unemployment Comparator



Unemployment Rate Growth



Geography ● Blaby ● Charnwood ● England ● Harborough ● Hinckley and Bosworth ● Leicester ● Leicestershire ● LLEP Area ● Melton ● NW Leics ● Oadby and Wigston

Business

In 2021 there were 2,075 businesses. The majority of businesses in Oadby and Wigston (89.9% or 1,865) were micro businesses (less than 10 staff). This is in line with the average (89.8%).

There were 180 (8.7%) small businesses, 25 (1.2%) medium and 5 (0.2%) large businesses.

Combined small and medium sized (not micro) make up 205 (9.9%) businesses.

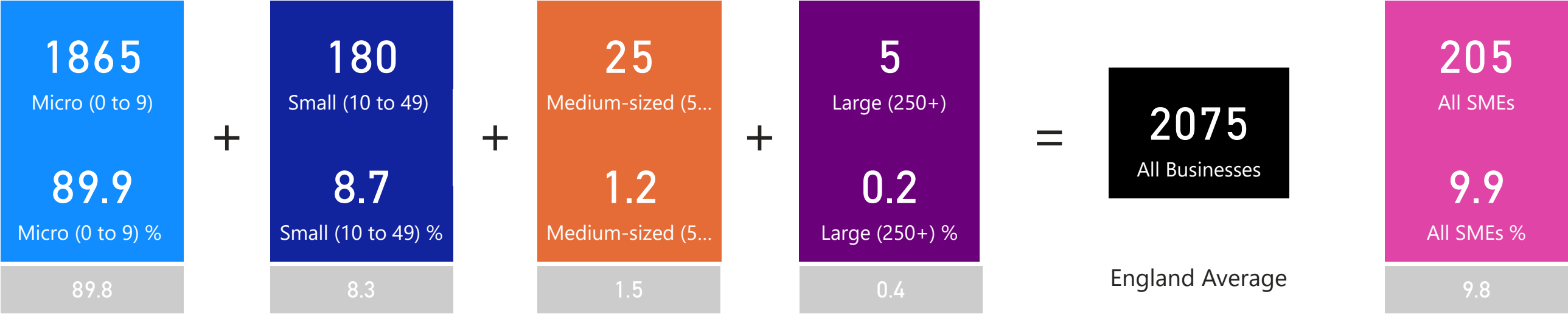
In terms of business numbers the three broad industry areas in Oadby and Wigston with the largest share of businesses are Construction (12.3%), Professional, Scientific and Technical (13.3%) and Manufacturing (9.4%).

When comparing local to national figures there are some business areas that differentiate the local area from the average. There are on average a larger share of Health, Manufacturing and Wholesale businesses and a smaller share of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing, Arts, Entertainment and Recreation, Business Administration and Support Services and Professional, Scientific and Technical businesses.

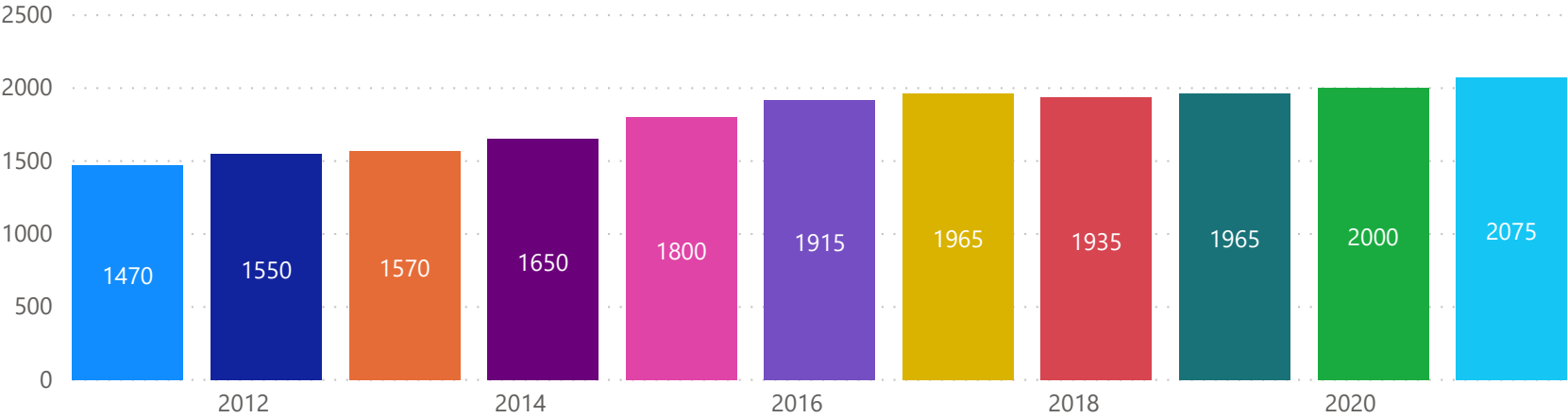
Businesses 2021 (UK Business Counts)

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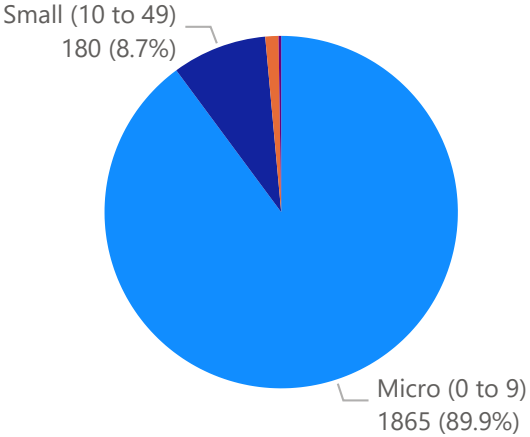
Business Size and Share



Business Numbers Time Series

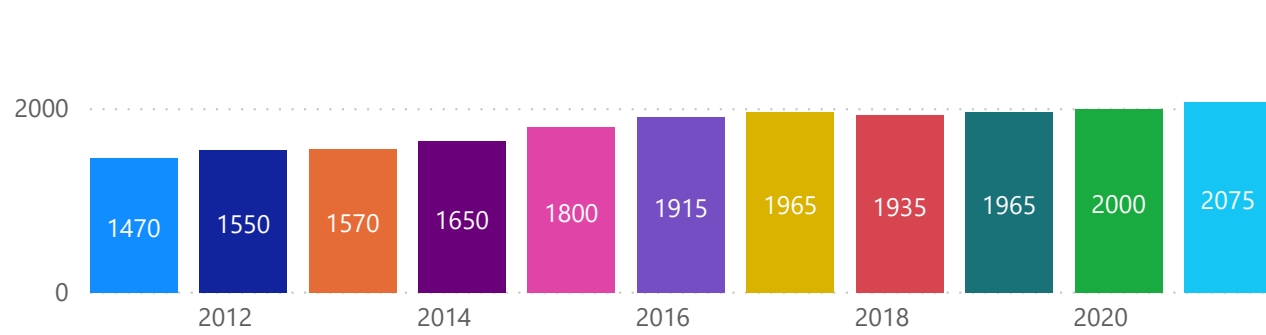


Business Size and Share

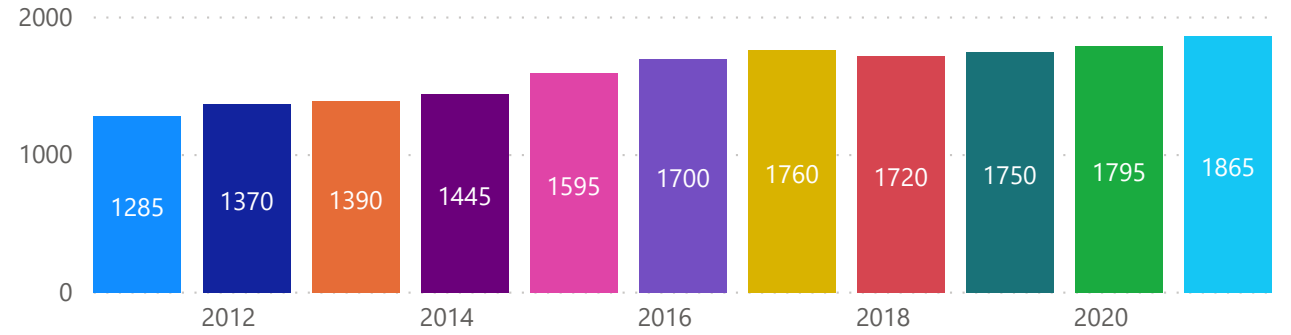


Business Size Time Series (2011 to 2021)

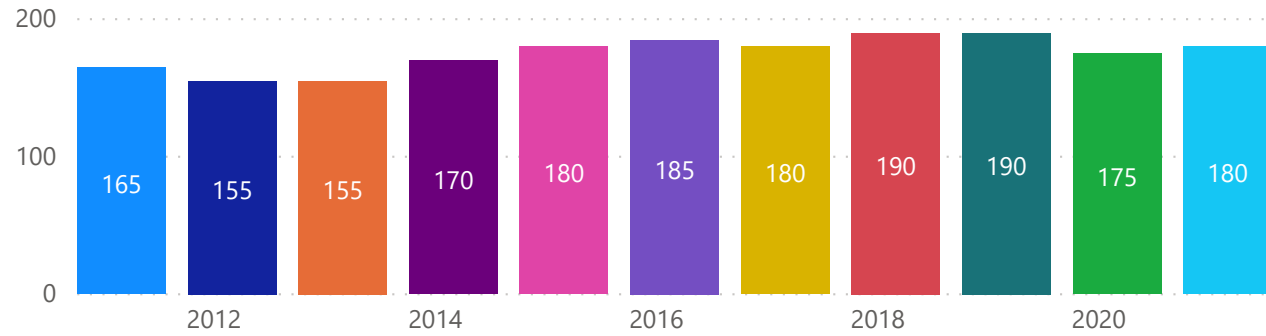
All Businesses



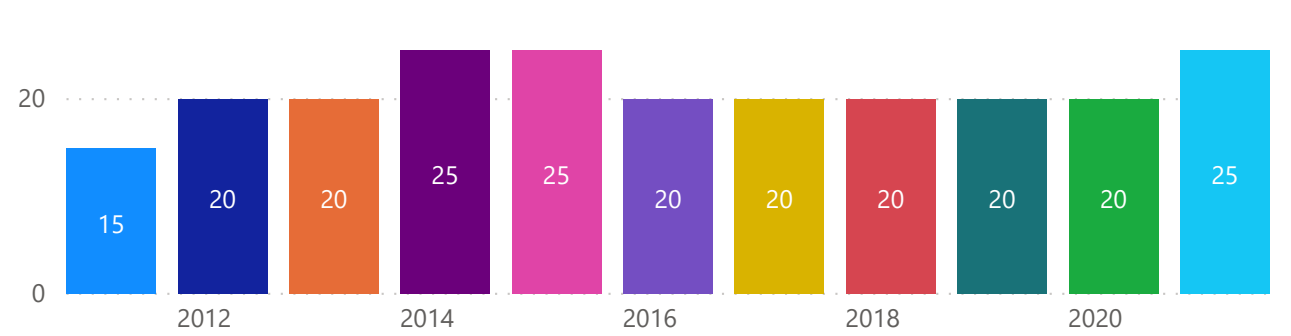
Micro Businesses



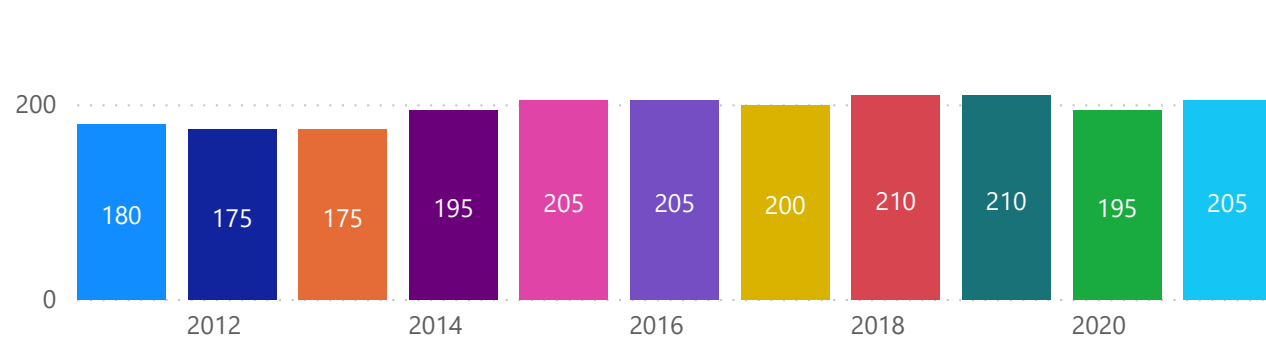
Small Businesses



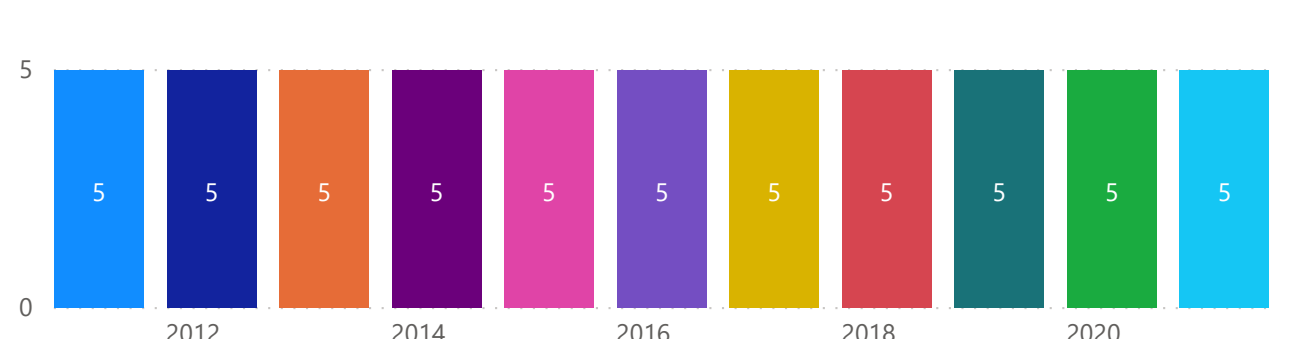
Medium Businesses



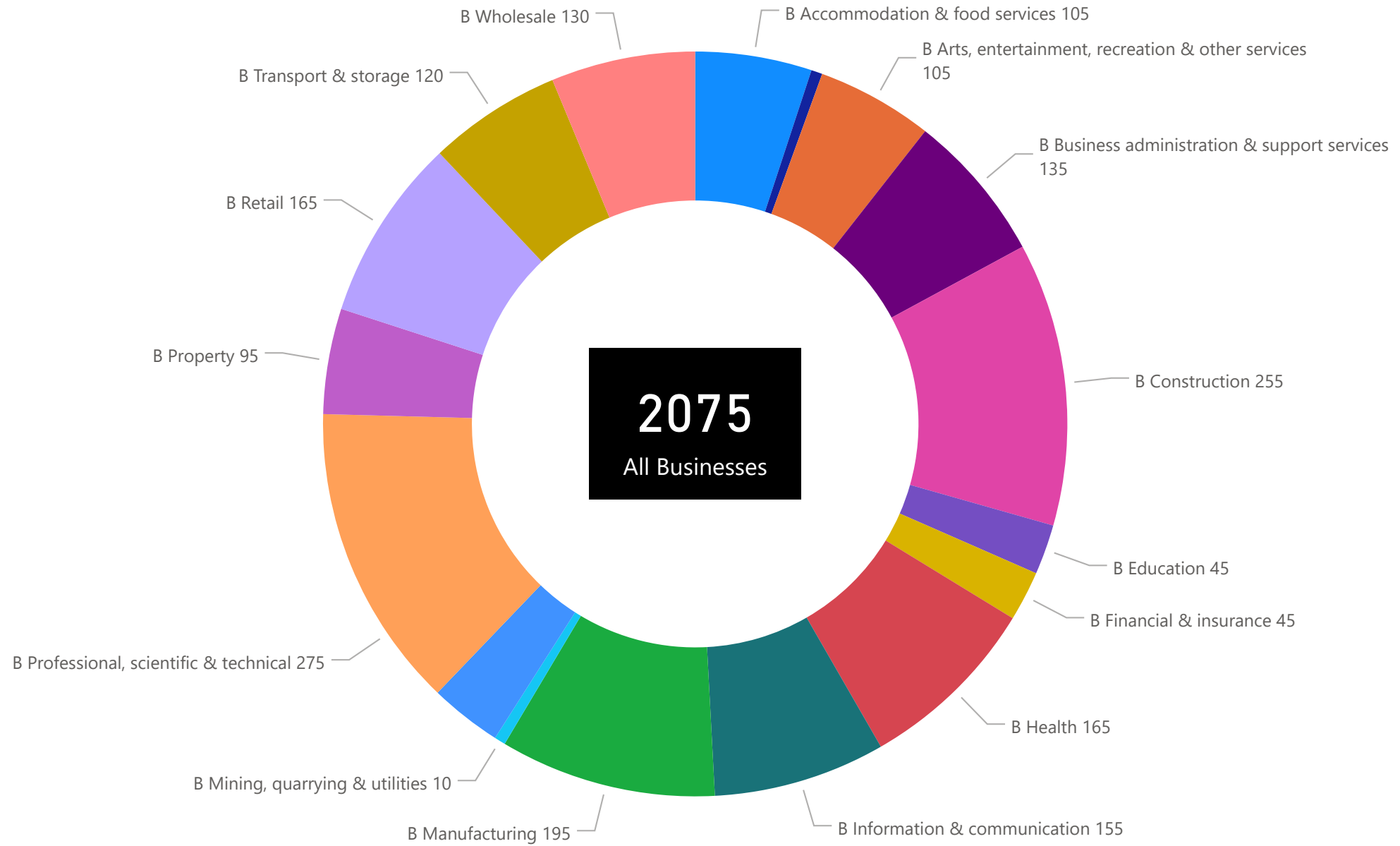
SME Businesses



Large Businesses



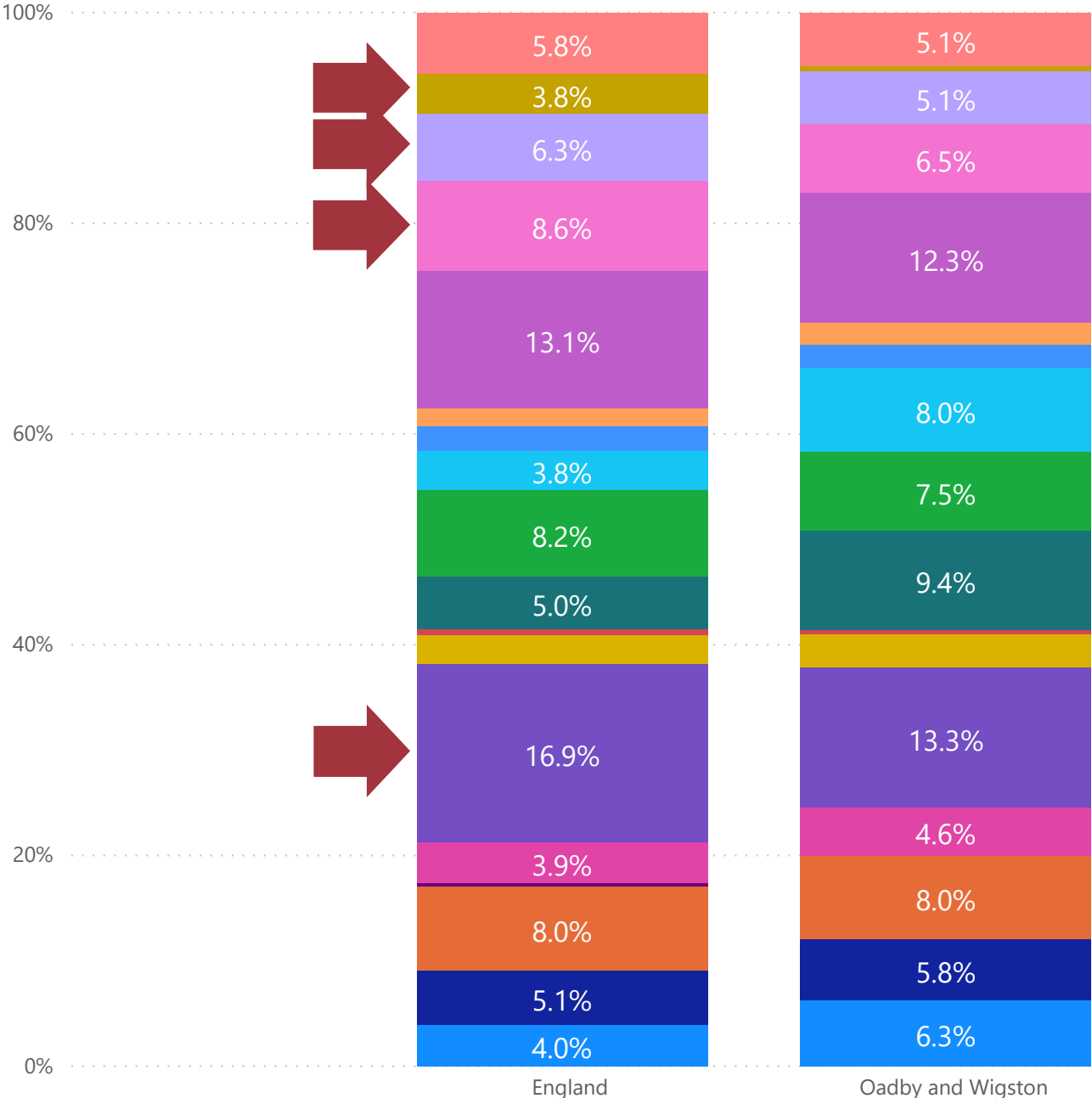
Business Structure 2021



Business Sector Share 2021 Comparator

Arrows demonstrate notable differences between local and national figures.

- B Wholesale %
- B Transport & storage %
- B Retail %
- B Public administration & defence %
- B Property %
- B Professional, scientific & technical %
- B Motor trades %
- B Mining, quarrying & utilities %
- B Manufacturing %
- B Information & communication %
- B Health %
- B Financial & insurance %
- B Education %
- B Construction %
- B Business administration & support services %
- B Arts, entertainment, recreation & other services %
- B Agriculture, forestry & fishing %
- B Accommodation & food services %



In terms of business numbers the three broad industry areas in Oadby and Wigston with the largest share of businesses are Construction (12.3%), Professional, Scientific and Technical (13.3%) and Manufacturing (9.4%). When comparing local to national figures there are some business areas that differentiate the local area from the average. There are on average a larger share of Health, Manufacturing and Wholesale businesses and a smaller share of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing, Arts, Entertainment and Recreation, Business Administration and Support Services and Professional, Scientific and Technical businesses.

Dissolved and Incorporated Businesses

In June 2022 there were 131 business closures and 38 business openings.

Over the year up until the end of June there have been 1,310 closures and 332 openings. This is a difference of 978 businesses.

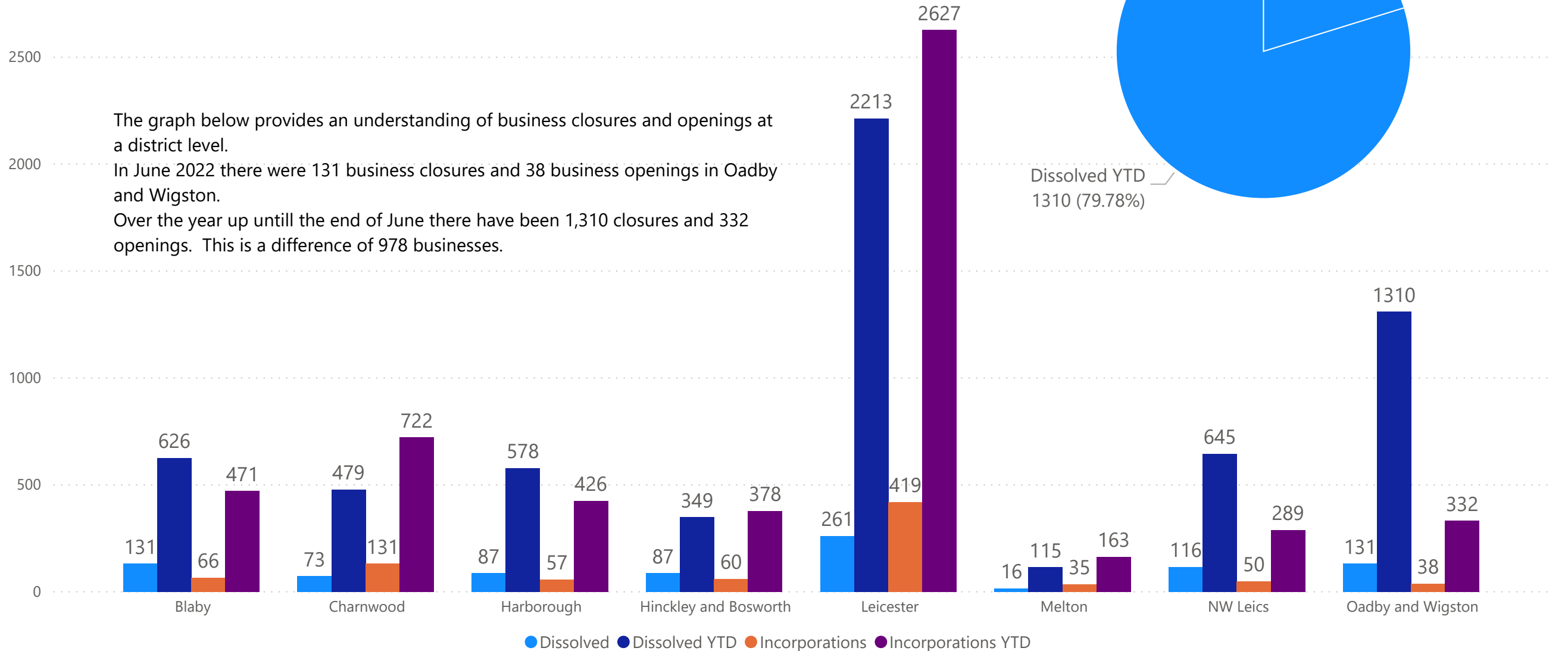
Traditionally the number of business incorporations has been larger than business closures. Monthly figures demonstrate this has changed in 2022.

Throughout 2020 as measures were brought in by the government to impact the effects of the pandemic on business, the numbers of incorporations were significantly higher than the number of dissolved businesses. Twenty twenty one was however a period that was marked by uncertainty relating to the reopening of the economy and the closure of government funded schemes. In October it was thought that there would be a rise in the number of business closures but this failed to materialise. Monthly figures however for 2022 show a significant rise in the number of businesses that were dissolved or liquidated.

Dissolved and Incorporated Businesses

Dissolved and Incorporated Businesses Monthly and YTD

The graph below provides an understanding of business closures and openings at a district level.
 In June 2022 there were 131 business closures and 38 business openings in Oadby and Wigston.
 Over the year up until the end of June there have been 1,310 closures and 332 openings. This is a difference of 978 businesses.

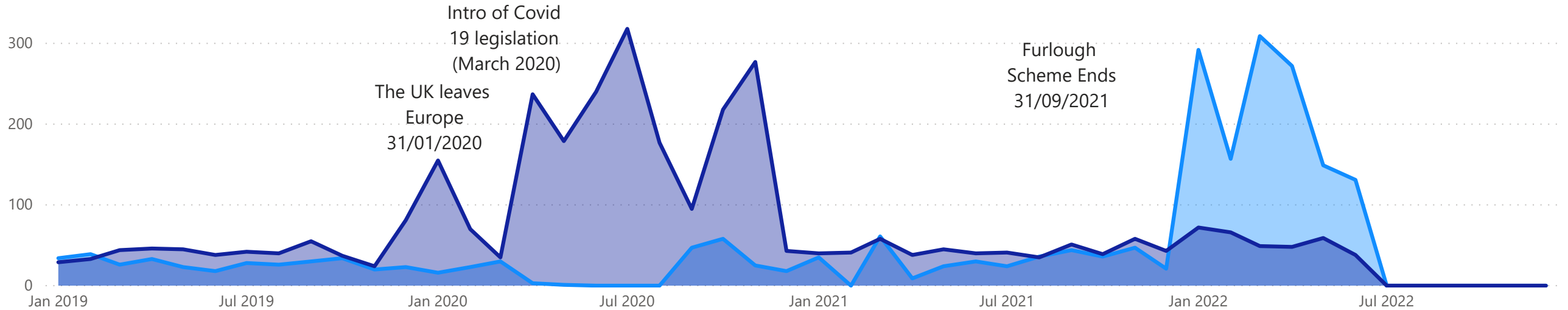


Dissolved and Incorporated Businesses

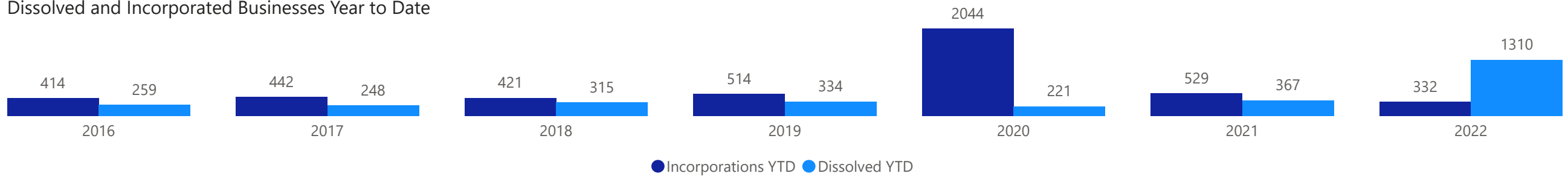
Traditionally and as demonstrated in the graphs below, the number of business incorporations has been larger than business closures. Monthly figures demonstrate this has changed in 2022).

Throughout 2020 as measures were brought in by the government to impact the effects of the pandemic on business, the numbers of incorporations were significantly higher than the number of dissolutions. Twenty twenty one was however a period that was marked by uncertainty relating to the reopening of the economy and the closure of government funded schemes. In October it was thought that there would be a rise in the number of business closures but this failed to materialise. Monthly figures however for 2022 show a significant rise in the number of businesses that were dissolved or liquidated. This is further demonstrated in the year to date figures below.

Dissolved and Incorporated Monthly Businesses



Dissolved and Incorporated Businesses Year to Date



There are 10 sectors in the Oadby and Wigston area that have employment of over 500, the largest being Education, Retail and Wholesale.

Public services are a key feature of those large employers in the area.

Combined the 10 sectors have employment of 12,150.

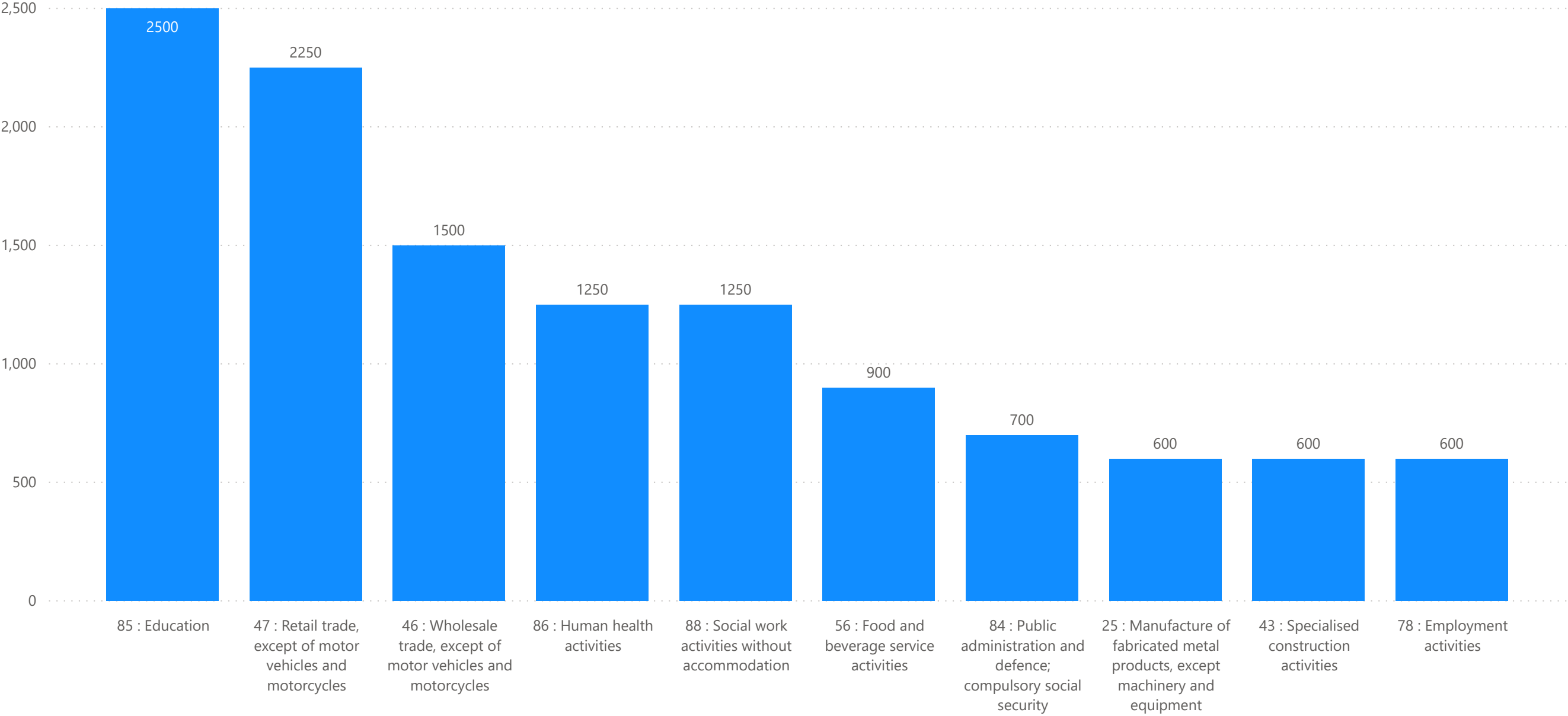
In the case of the sectors that differentiate the area from others there are 20 that have a location quotient that is greater than 1. The largest of these is Basic Pharmaceutical Products and Preparations.

It is generally accepted that a location quotient of 1.5 or more demonstrates a local speciality (this can be a positive or negative). There are 14 of these.

Employment

The graph below demonstrates those sectors that have the largest employment numbers. These sectors all have employment of over 500. There are 10 of these, the largest being Education, Retail and Wholesale. Public services are a key feature of those large employers in the area. Combined the 10 sectors have employment of 12,150.

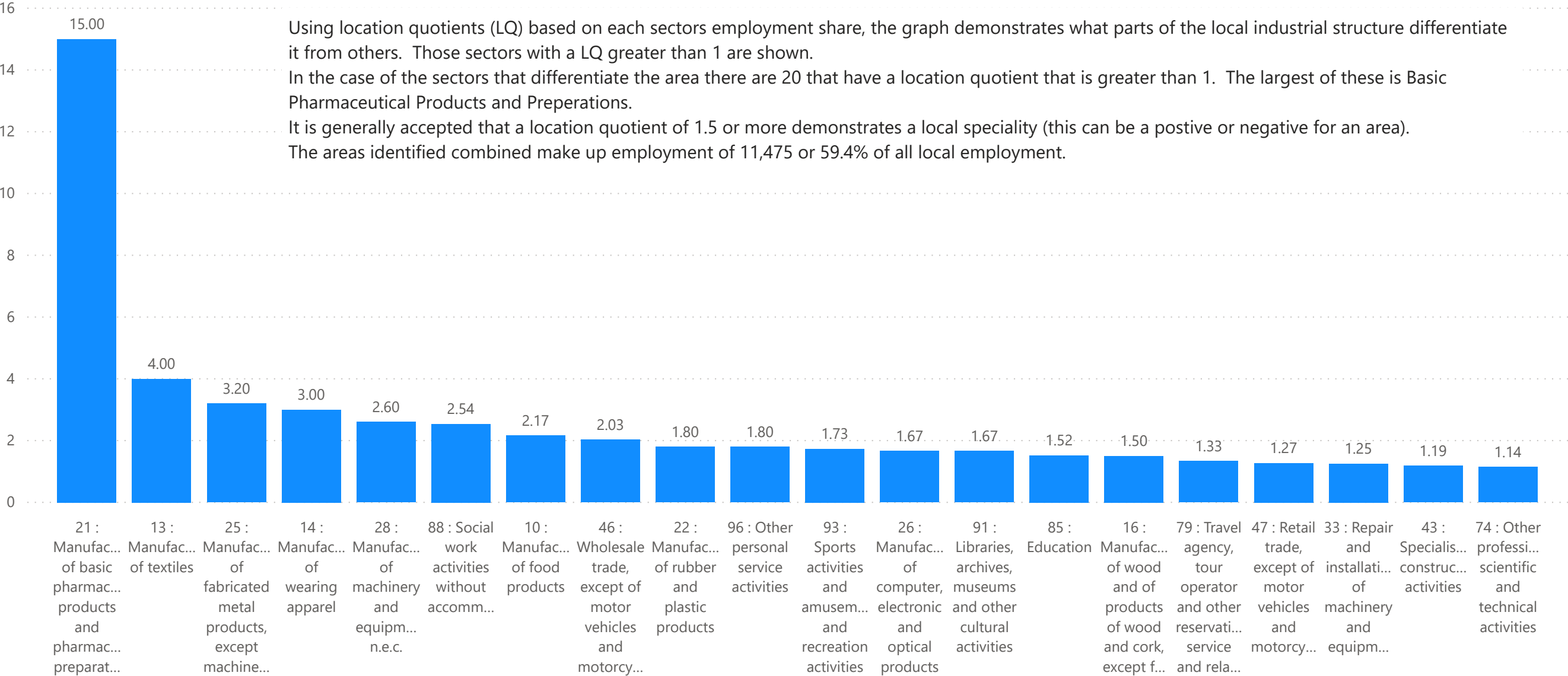
Employment Numbers



Employment

Employment Location Quotient

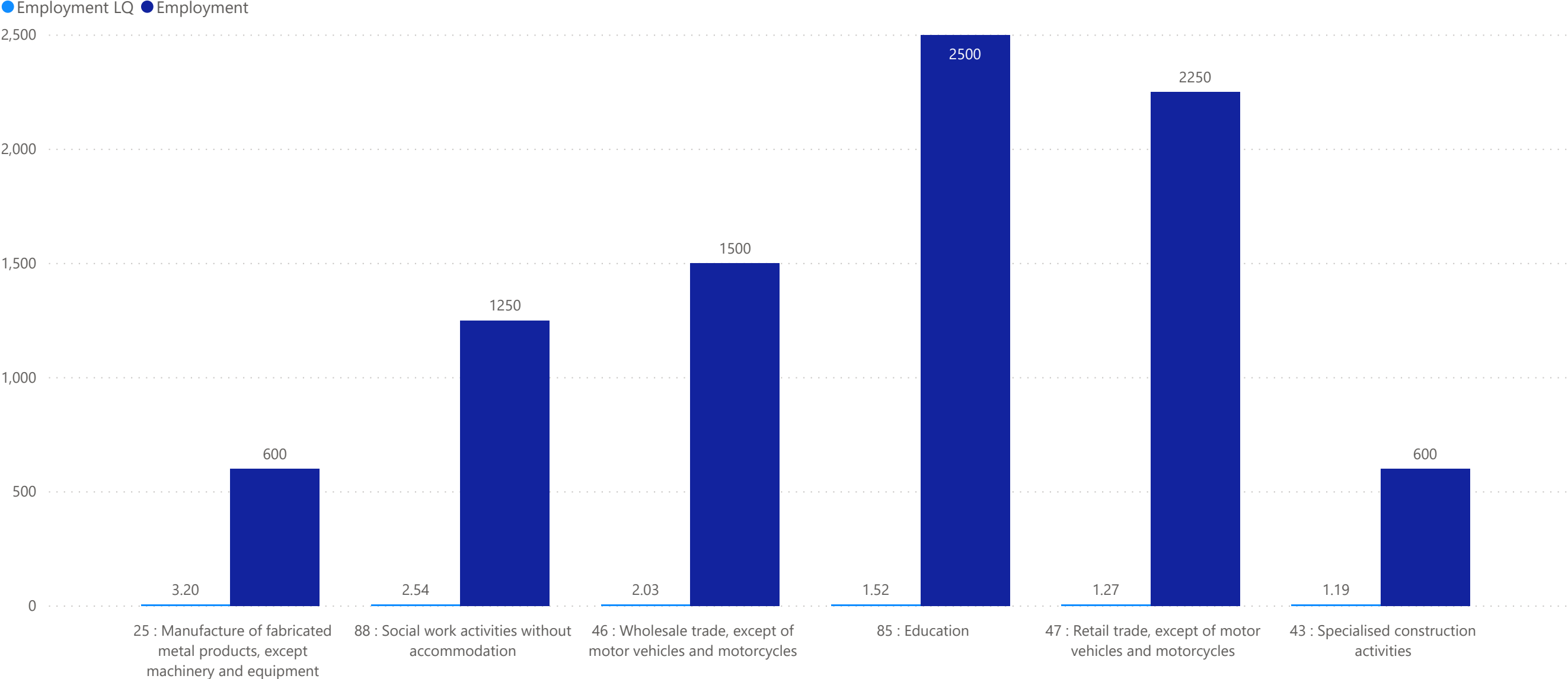
Area ● Oadby and Wigston



Employment Numbers and Location Quotients

Employment and Location Quotient

The graph below demonstrates those sectors that have employment of over 500 and a location quotient of over 1. There are 6 of these.

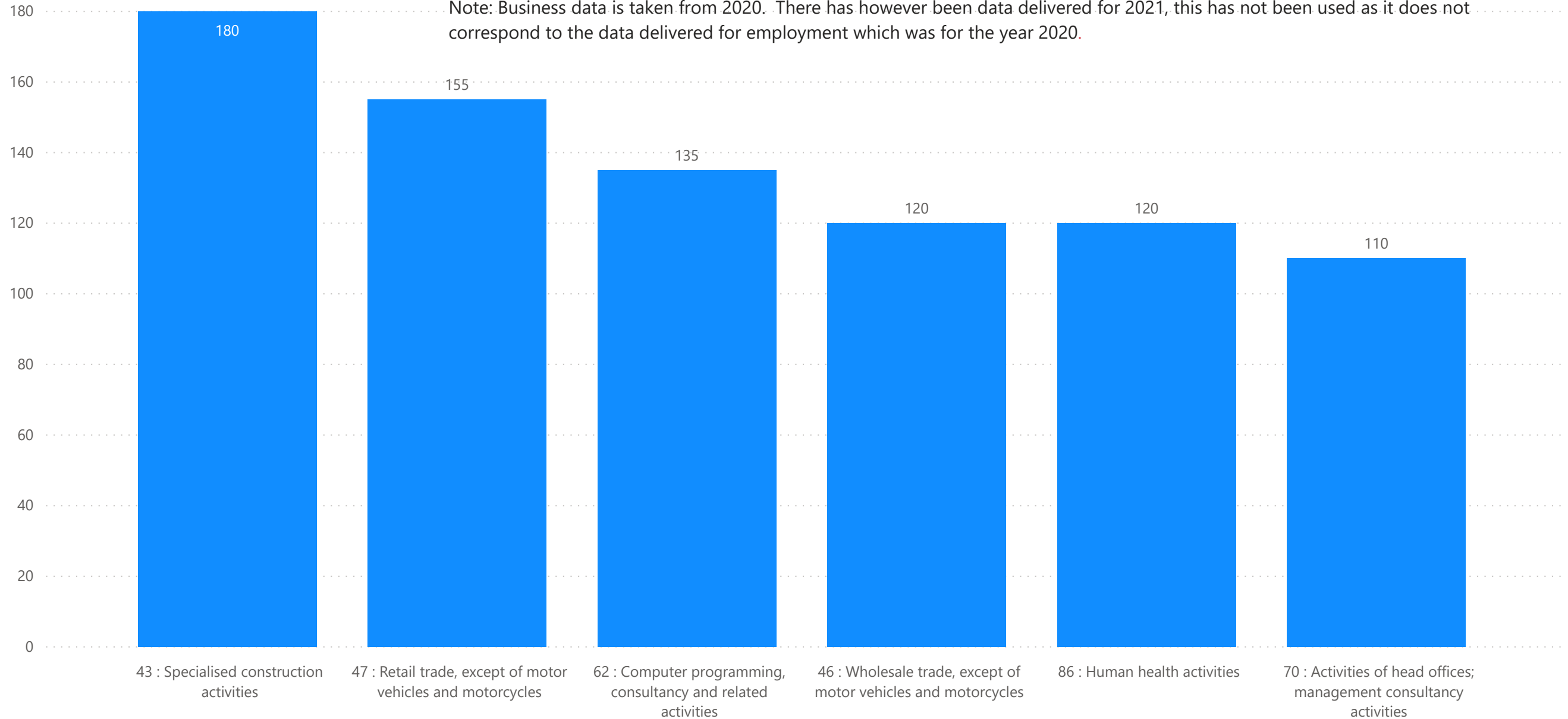


Employment (Businesses)

Businesses

The graph below demonstrates those sectors that have the largest business numbers, in this case over 100. There are 6 of these, the largest being Specialist Construction Activities. Combined these contain 820 businesses. This is 41% of all business..

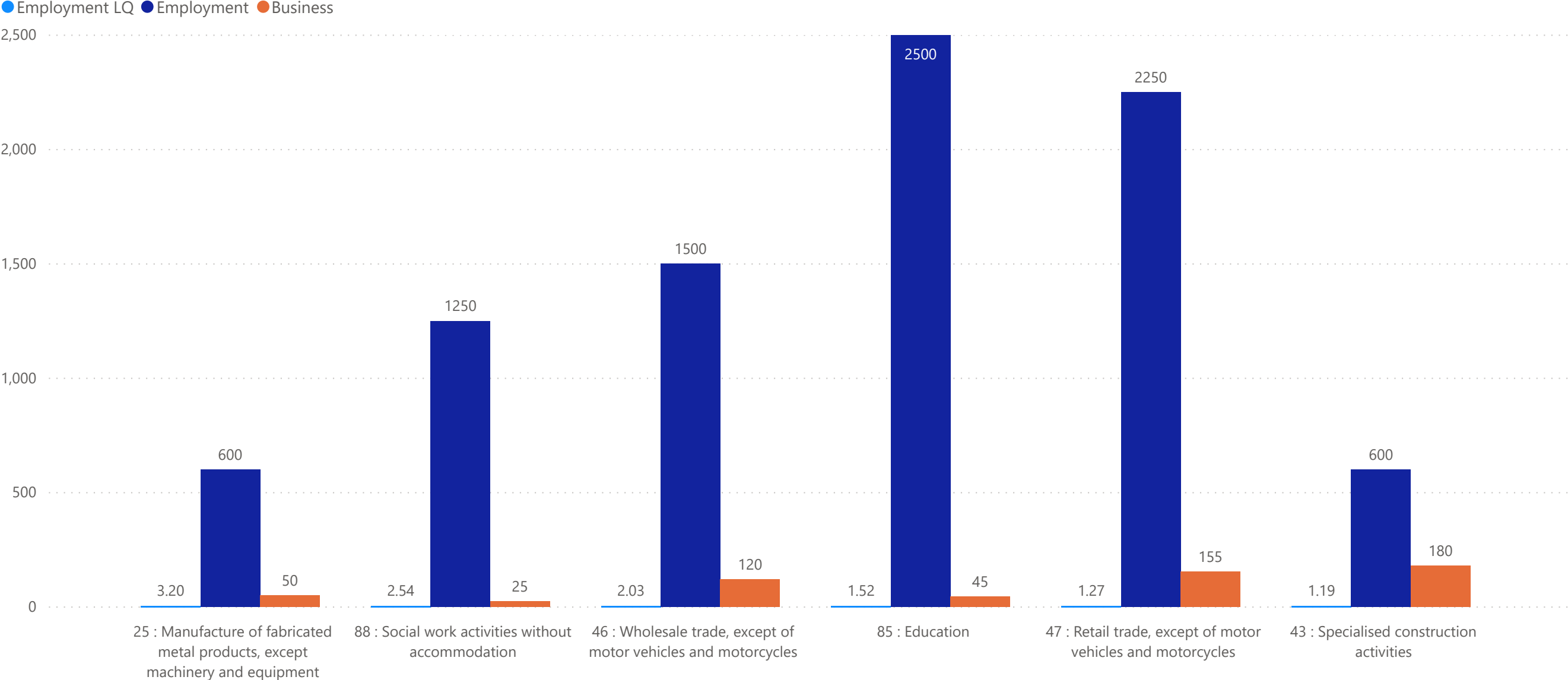
Note: Business data is taken from 2020. There has however been data delivered for 2021, this has not been used as it does not correspond to the data delivered for employment which was for the year 2020.



Employment Numbers, Location Quotients and Businesses

Employment, Location Quotients and Businesses

The graph below demonstrates those sectors that have employment of over 500 and a location quotient of over 1.



Other

Resident earnings in the Oadby and Wigston area are £567.60. This is below the average of £613.30.

Male resident earnings in the area are £488.60, again this is lower than average (£661). Male resident earnings are higher than female resident earnings (£593.10). Female resident earnings in Oadby and Wigston are lower than the national average (£557.10).

From 2020 to 2021 residents earnings in Oadby and Wigston fell. This was not the case nationally where they grew. In the case of male earnings this was a fall from £732.90 to £593.10.

Workplace earnings in the Oadby and Wigston area are £477.90 (resident earnings £567.60). This is below the average of £613.30.

Male workplace earnings in the area are £529.80 (resident earnings £593.10), again this is lower than average (£660.50). Male workplace earnings are higher than female workplace earnings (£395.70). Female workplace earnings in Oadby and Wigston are also lower than average (£557.30).

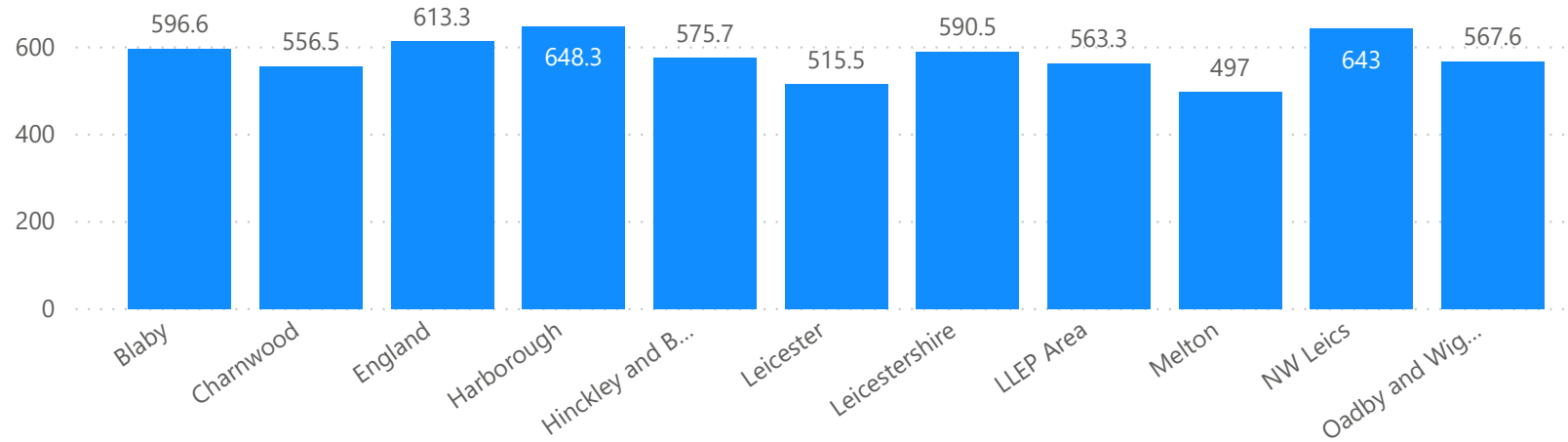
Resident Earnings

Resident earnings in the Oadby and Wigston area are £567.60. This is below the average of £613.30.

Male resident earnings in the area are £488.60, again this is lower than average (£661). Male resident earnings are higher than female resident earnings (£593.10). Female resident earnings in Oadby and Wigston are lower than the national average (£557.10).

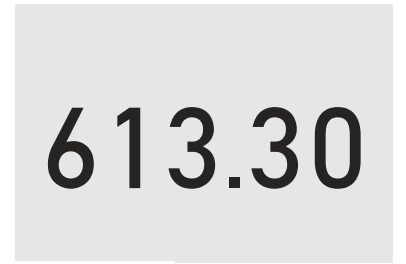
From 2020 to 2021 residents earnings in Oadby and Wigston fell. This was not the case nationally where they grew. In the case of male earnings this was a fall from £732.90 to £593.10.

Geographic Comparator



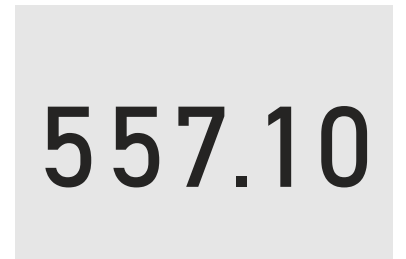
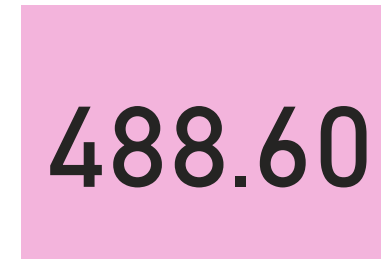
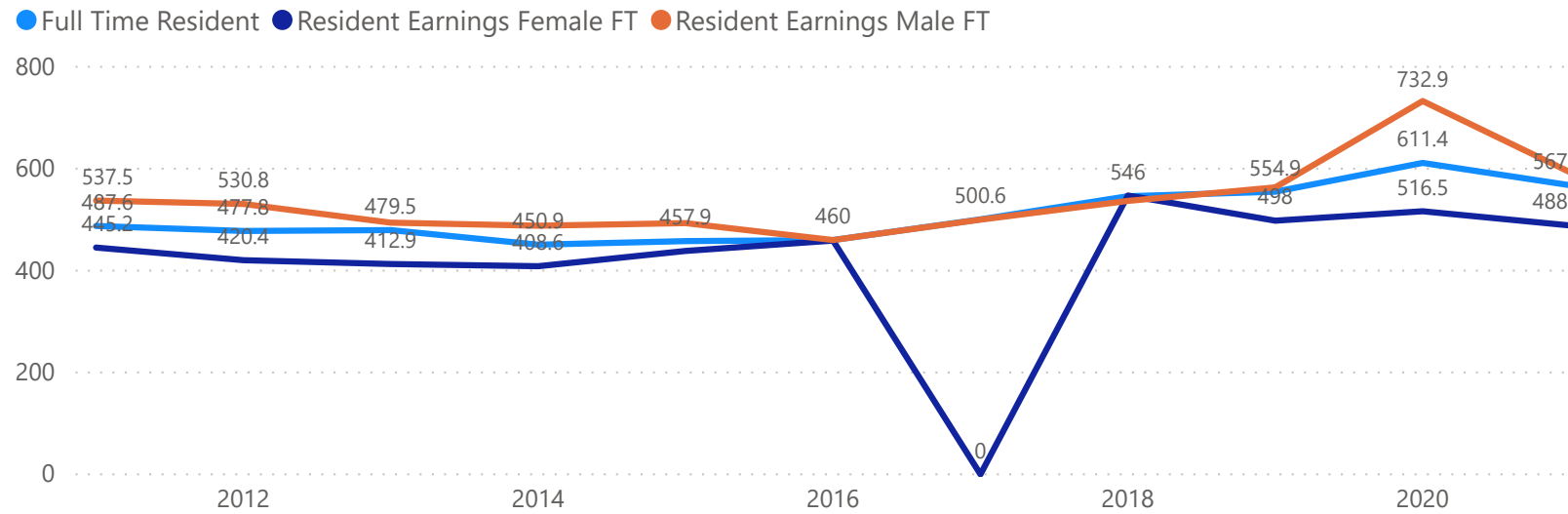
Oadby & Wigston

England

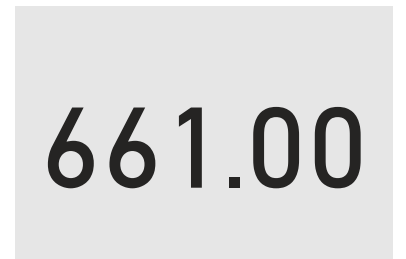
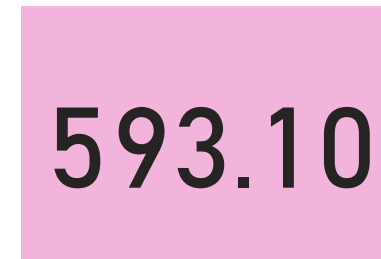


All

By Sex



Female



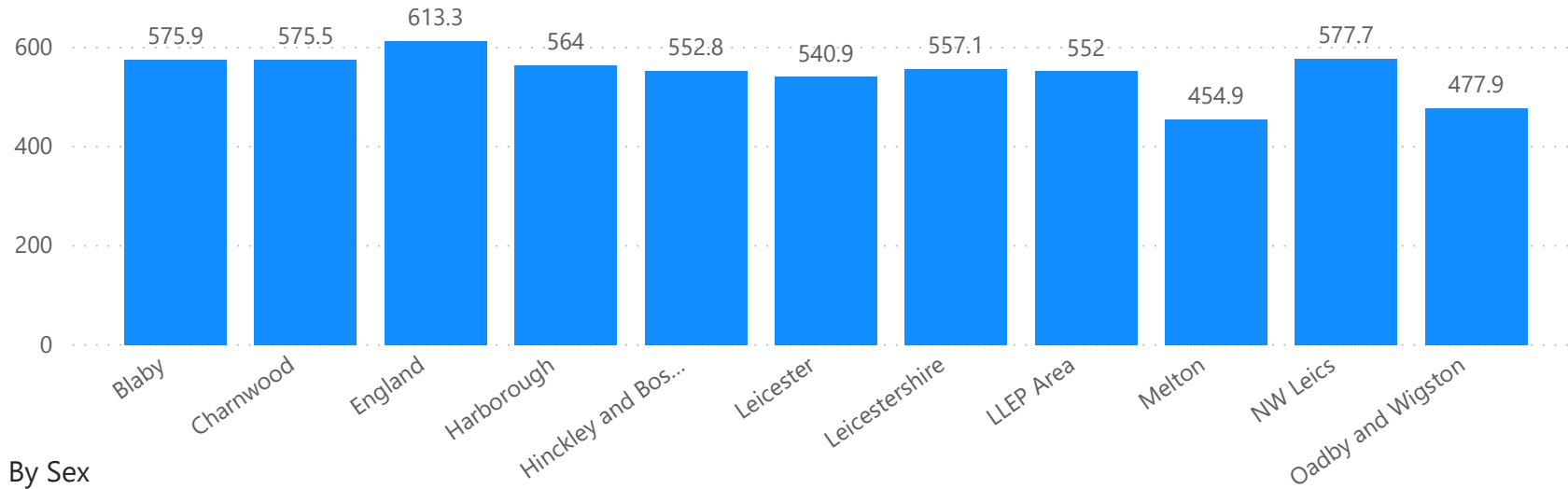
Male

Note: Female resident earnings for the Oadby and Wigston area are not available for 2017 as the sample size was too small for a reliable estimate.

Workplace Earnings

Workplace earnings in the Oadby and Wigston area are £477.90 (resident earnings £567.60). This is below the average of £613.30. Male workplace earnings in the area are £529.80 (resident earnings £593.10), again this is lower than average (£660.50). Male workplace earnings are higher than female workplace earnings (£395.70). Female workplace earnings in Oadby and Wigston are also lower than average (£557.30).

Geographic Comparator



Oadby & Wigston

England

477.90

613.30

All

395.70

557.30

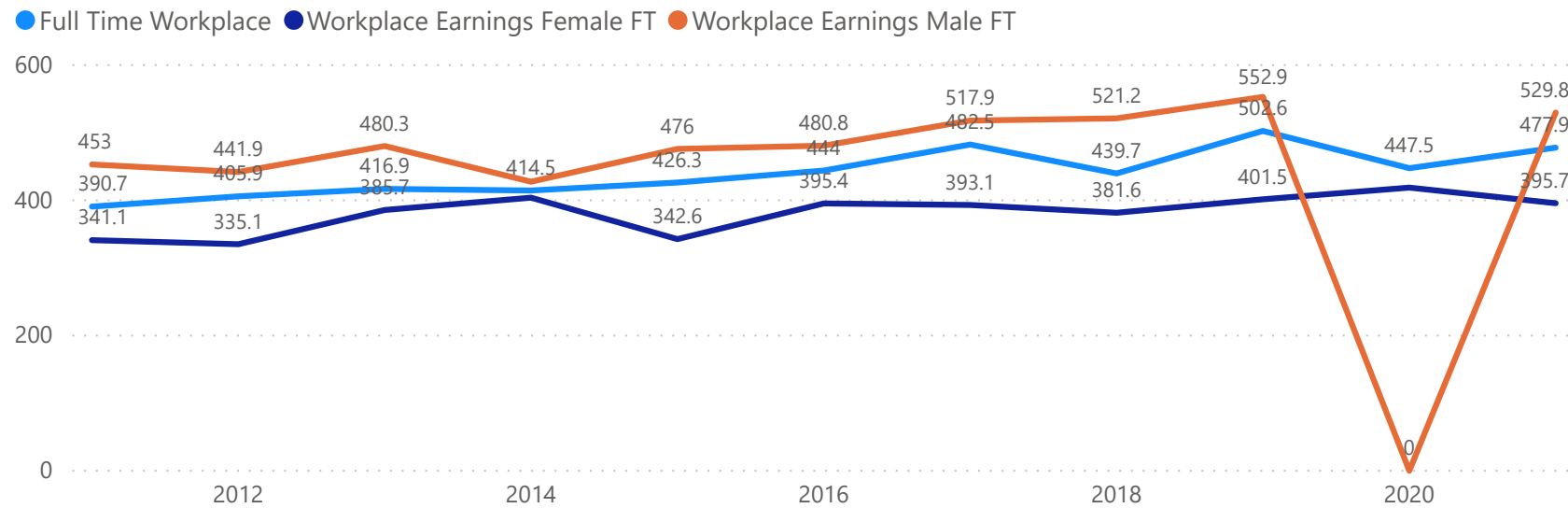
Female

529.80

660.50

Male

By Sex

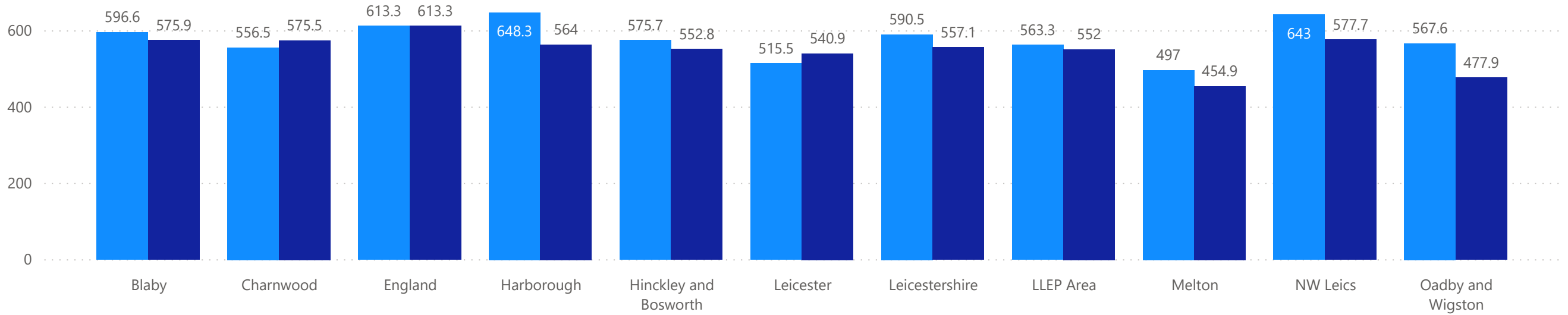


Note: Data for 2020 Male workplace earnings was not made available as the sample size was too small for a reliable estimate.

Workplace Earnings

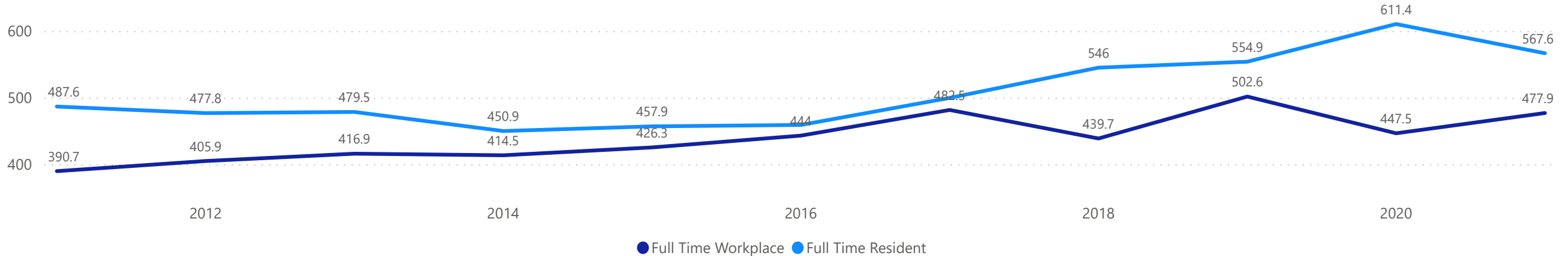
Geographic Resident and Workplace Earnings

The graph below demonstrates resident and workplace earnings and compares these against other areas locally and also with the national average. Other than resident earnings for Harborough and North West Leicestershire figures are below the national average.



The graph below demonstrates Oadby and Wigston resident and workplace earnings over the period 2011 to 2021.

Resident and Workplace Earnings



Qualifications

In the the Oadby and Wigston area those with an NVQ2+ make up 75.4% of the working age population. This is below the national average (78.2%).

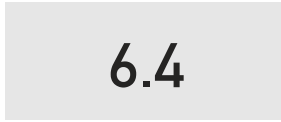
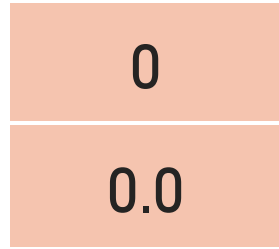
Those with an NVQ3+ is 60%. This is below the national average (61.3%).

At 41.8% those with an NVQ4+ is below average (43.1%).

Qualifications

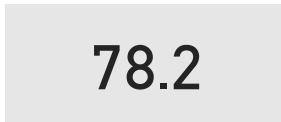
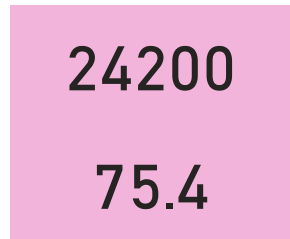
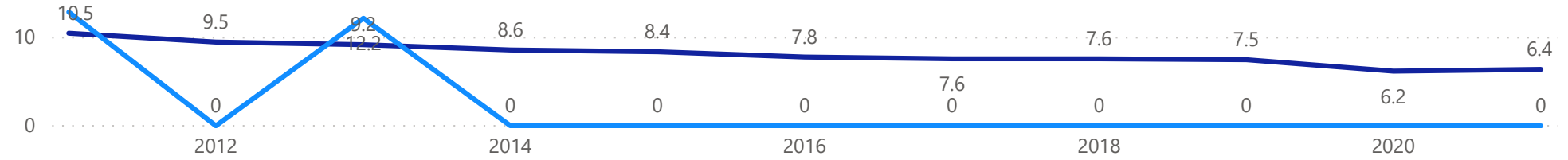
Oadby & Wigston

England

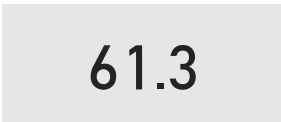
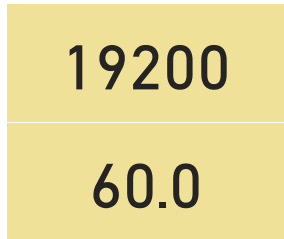
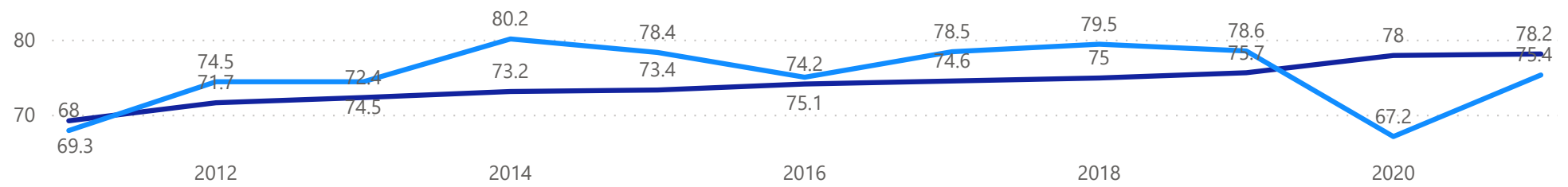


No Qualifications

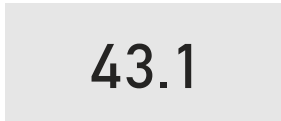
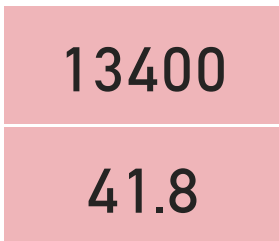
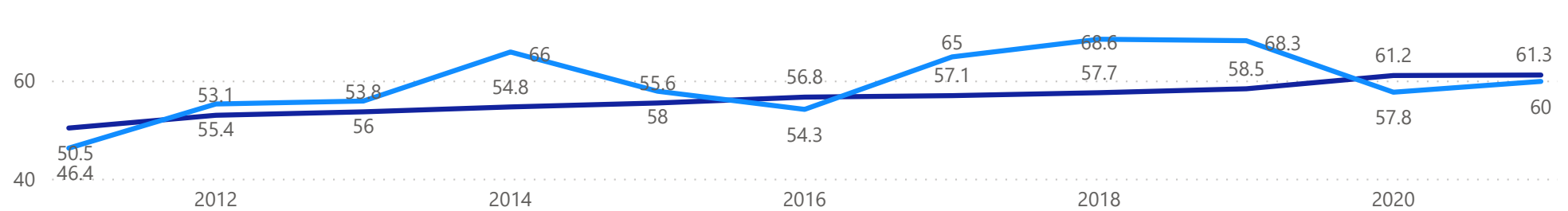
Geography ● England ● Oadby and Wigston



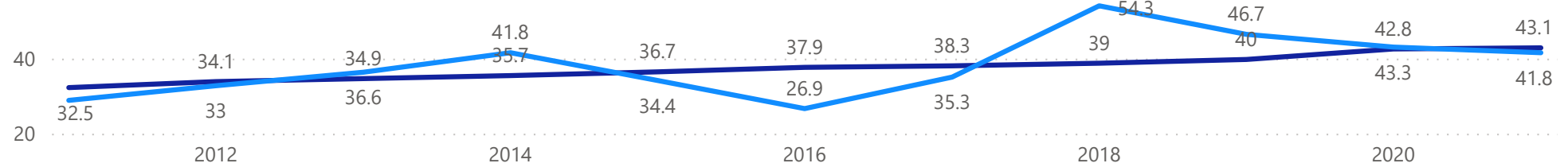
Thos with an NVQ2+



Thos with an NVQ3+



Thos with an NVQ4+



Note: Data for those with no qualifications is not available for the Oadby and Wigston area as the sample size is too small to be reliable..

Population

There are over 1 million people (1,067,000) living in the Leicester and Leicestershire area. Of these 33.2% live in the city and 66.8% in the county.

The population of Oadby and Wigston is 57,300. These make up 5.4% of the population of the Leicester and Leicestershire area and 8% of the Leicestershire population.

Of the 57,300 residents living in the Oadby and Wigston district area 27,800 (48.5%) are male and 29,500 (51.5%) are female.

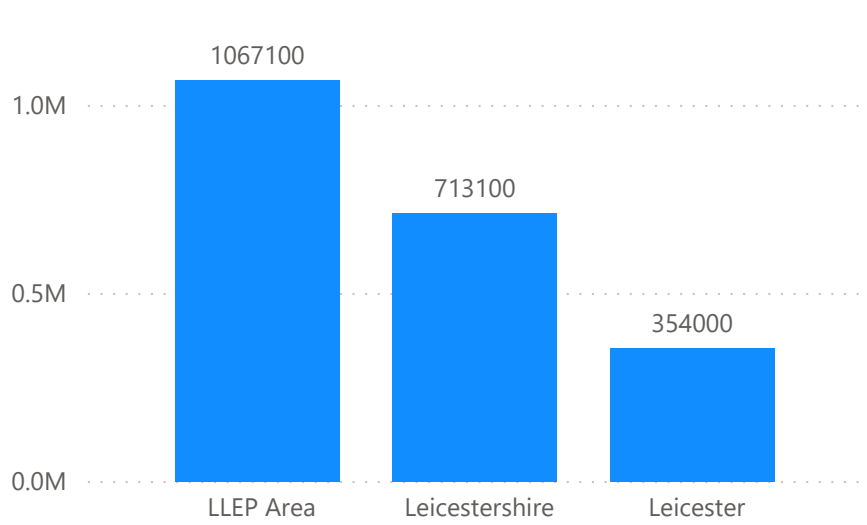
The female population of Oadby and Wigston district make up 5.5% of the female population of the Leicester and Leicestershire Area. The male population make up 5.2% of the population of the male population of Leicester and Leicestershire.

Of the 57,300 residents living in the area 60% (34,400) are of working age (16-64), 18.3% (10,500) 0-15 and 21.6% (12,400) 65 and over.

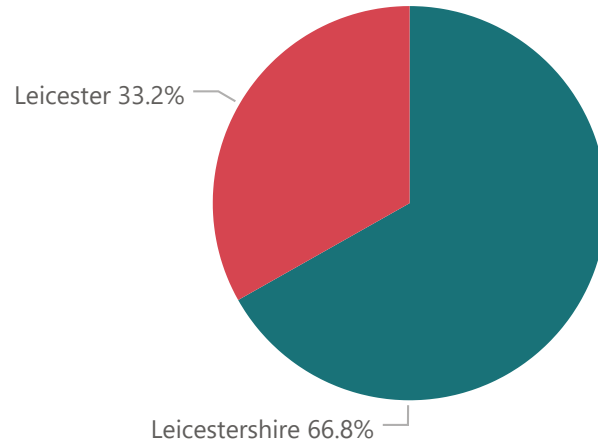
There are 5,700 residents who are 18-24 years old. This is 9.9% of the population. The average is 8.3%.

Population

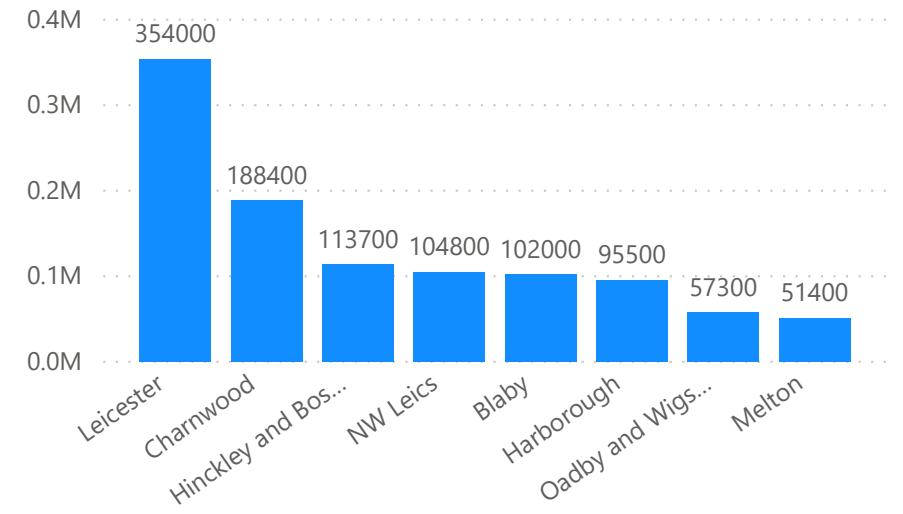
Population Numbers



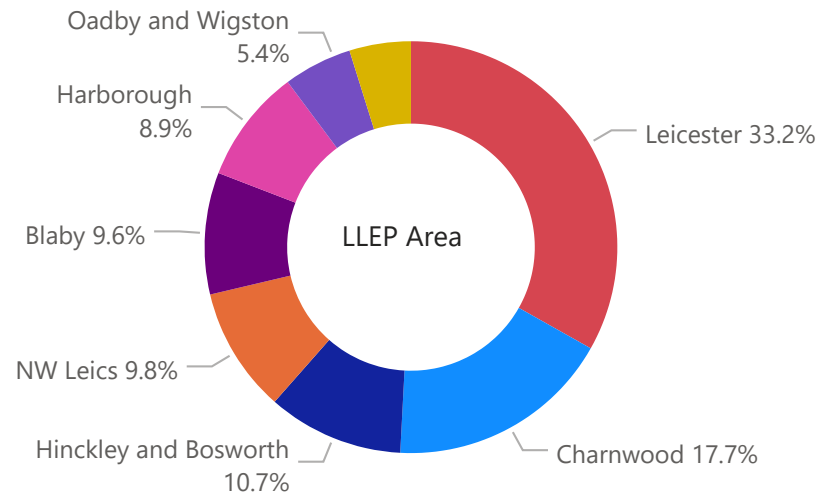
Population Share



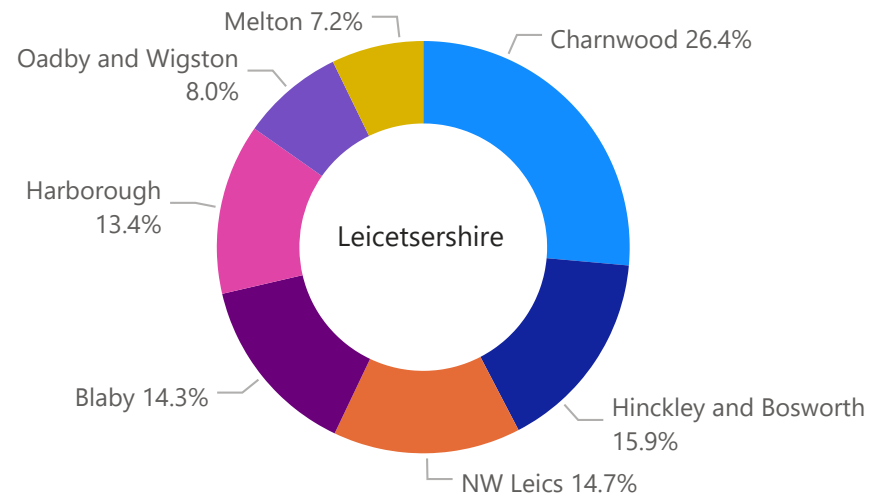
Population District Numbers



Population Share (LLEP Area)

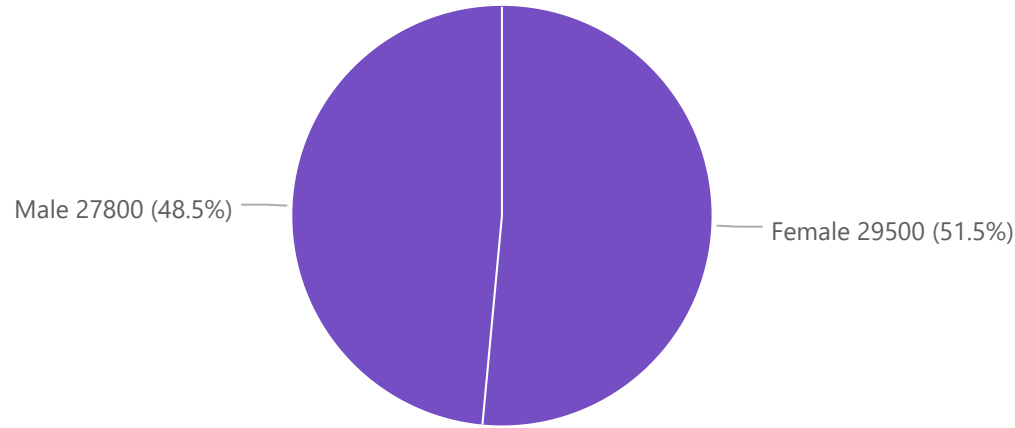


Population Share (Leicestershire)

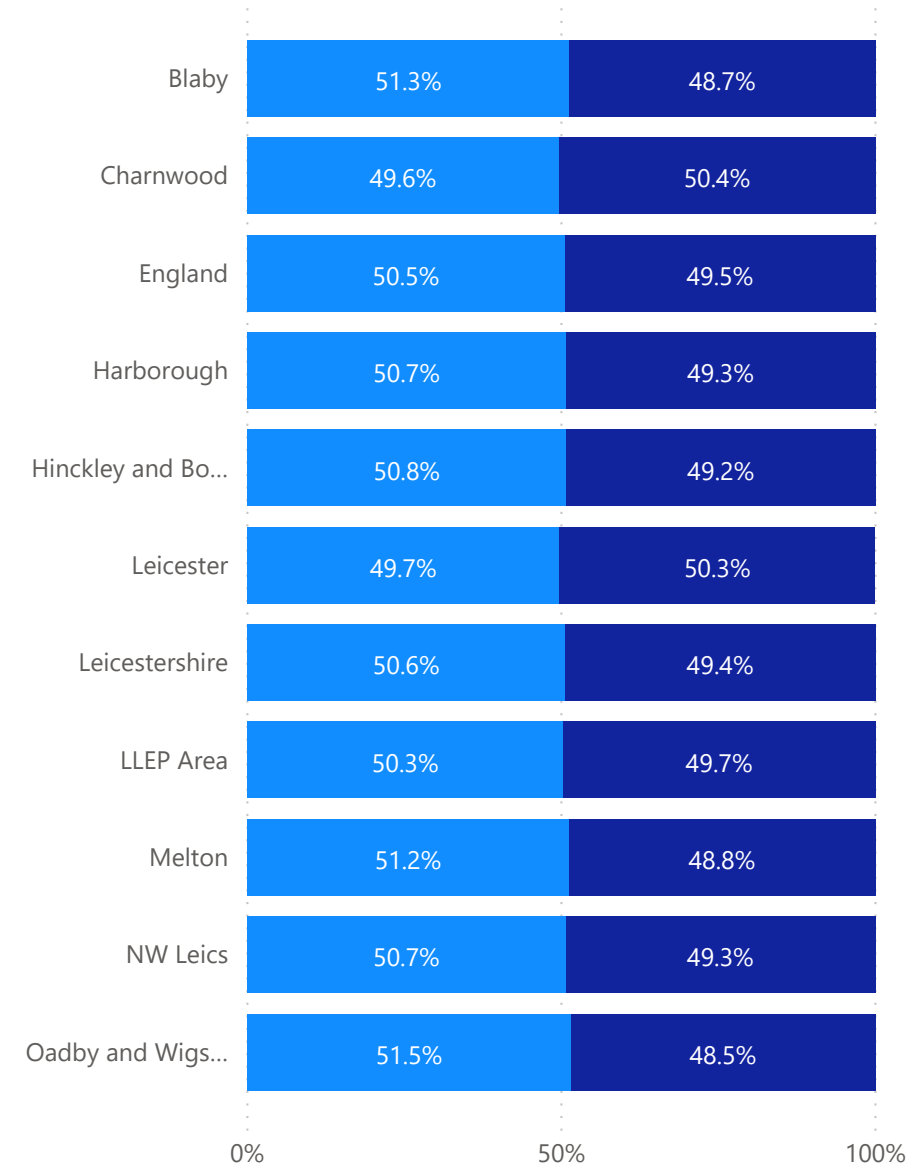


Population Sex

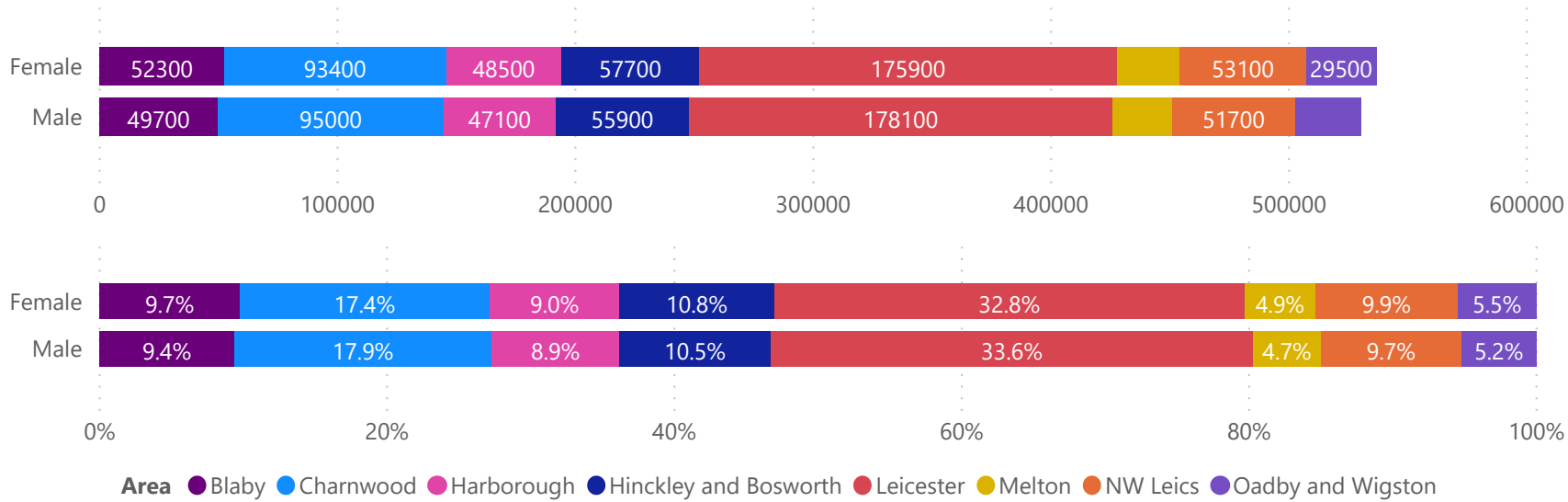
Oadby & Wigston Population Share by Sex



Population Share by Sex



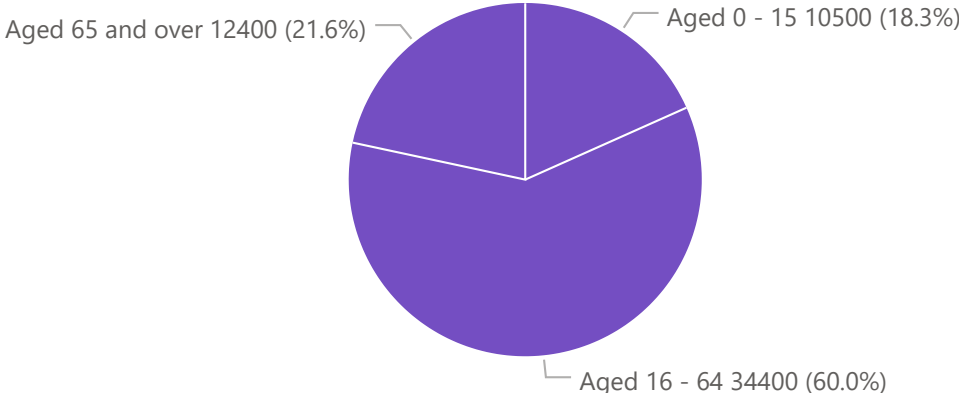
Population Share by Sex and Geography



Sex ● Female ● Male

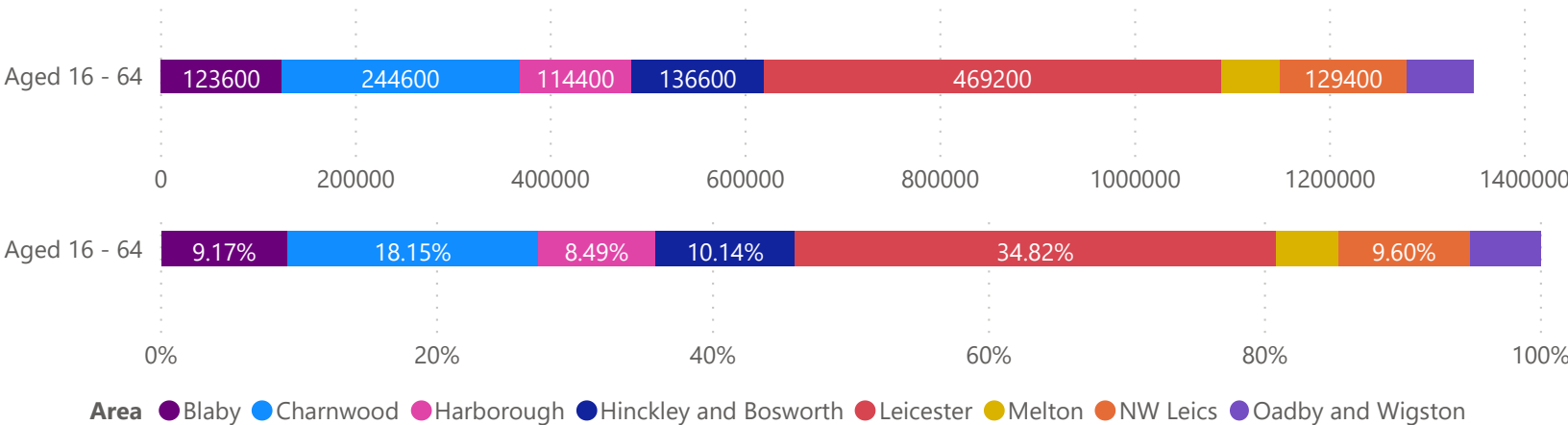
Population Age

Oadby & Wigston Population Share by Age



18-24 Years Olds
 3100 Males + 2600 Females = 5700 Total

Population Share by Age (16-64) and Geography



Population Share by Age

